

What Is Home With-  
State Librarian Republican

# The Daily Republican.

All the News That's  
Fit to Print

Vol. 9. No. 255.

Rushville, Indiana, Saturday Evening, January 4, 1913.

Single Copies, 2 Cents.

## SMALL BLAZE AT COLEMAN HOME

Fire Starting From Furnace This  
Morning Resulted in Loss  
Estimated at \$300.

### ASBESTOS PACKING BURNED

First Discovered by Domestic Who  
Turned Off Gas, But Failed  
to See Flames.

Fire starting from the furnace damaged the Patrick Carroll property in East Sixth street, occupied by Dr. W. S. Coleman, to the extent of \$300 this morning shortly before six o'clock. The blaze did practically little damage, the loss resulting from smoke and water. The furnace is directly under the kitchen and the fire was discovered in time to prevent its spreading to other parts of the residence.

Asbestos is supposed to be fire proof, but there is evidently some brand that will burn. The feed pipes from the furnace run directly under the kitchen floor and the supposition is that the furnace became overheated and the asbestos caught fire. The theory is that the packing around the pipes burned and ignited the pine boards in the floor above. This theory of the cause seems very plausible, especially since only last week Dr. Coleman found the asbestos on fire. On this occasion the blaze made only small headway and only a small amount of the packing was burned.

The fire this morning was discovered by Sylvia Gard, who is employed at the Coleman home. She was awakened to find her room filled with smoke. Miss Gard went to the furnace room and although the smoke was almost suffocating, managed to turn off the gas. She failed to notice the blaze and thought that the furnace had simply become overheated. The girl returned to her room, not suspecting that the house was on fire. The smoke continued to fill the house and finally the entire household was awakened. Dr. Coleman called the fire department and the alarm was sounded at 5:45 o'clock.

The blaze finally burned through the kitchen floor and it seemed for a few minutes as though it had the start of the firemen. The household goods on the first floor were removed. Very little water was used in fighting the fire, the four members of the department, who responded, doing effective work with the chemicals. The kitchen was the only room damaged by water, but the rest of the house was "smoked up" considerably. It is estimated that \$300 will cover the loss which is covered by insurance.

## WAS NAMED LAW LIBRARIAN

Carey Carson Appointed by Supreme  
Court Judges.

Cary Carson of this city, who has been the law clerk to Judge Morris since he has been on the Supreme court bench, has been appointed librarian of the Indiana law library. The new appointment is in the nature of a promotion for Mr. Carson. His place as clerk to Judge Morris has been taken by S. E. Garrison of Indianapolis. Carson succeeds Omar O'Horrow as librarian. The position pays \$1800 a year. It is understood Mr. Carson received the unanimous vote of the judges.

Snow tonight and probably Sunday. Colder Sunday.

## MUCH SICKNESS PREVAILS

Rushville People Run Gauntlet of  
Usual Winter Ailments.

While other cities in this part of the State have reported that the common winter ailments were very uncommon now, there has been much sickness in Rushville. The physicians have been unusually busy calling on people who have been afflicted with minor disease. Bronchial trouble has been the most common of all causes for sickness this winter. The epidemic of whooping cough among children, which has been apparent since early in the fall, seems to be unabated. Many cases of grippe have been reported in the last month, even though the weather has been comparatively good.

## TRIMS BUNION TOO CLOSELY; IS DEAD

Mrs. Belle Carpenter Expires in Indianapolis Hospital Following  
Amputation of Limb.

### JASPER CARPENTER'S WIDOW

The funeral services of Mrs. Belle Carpenter, age sixty years, until recently a resident of near Manila, who died at the Methodist hospital in Indianapolis Thursday night, was held at Forest Hill chapel this afternoon, with burial in Forest Hill cemetery.

Since the death of her husband, Jasper Carpenter, Mrs. Carpenter had been living with her son, Vernon, in Spencer, Ind. A few weeks ago she trimmed a bunion too closely, causing it to bleed profusely. Blood poisoning developed, and an effort was made to save her life by taking her to the hospital Thursday. She was not able to withstand the ordeal necessary to amputation.

The surviving near relatives are her mother, Mrs. Maey, of Greensfield; three sisters, Mrs. Cyrus Trees and another sister at Indianapolis, and Mrs. Augusta Glass, of Greenfield, and three sons, Claude, Cordin and Vernon Carpenter.

## WAS ARRESTED ON FORGERY CHARGE

Milton Crabtree, Colored, Taken Today on Bench Warrant For Passing Fraudulent Check.

### USED NAME OF E. B. WINSHIP

Milton Crabtree, colored, was arrested today by Sheriff Bebout on a bench warrant charging forgery. Crabtree is alleged to have signed the name of Earl B. Winship to a check for \$26 drawn upon the Rushville National bank. The affidavit is signed by John Wolter and charges Crabtree with "feloniously, falsely and fraudulently making and forging a certain check purporting to have been made and executed by Earl B. Winship to Will Crabtree, or order for \$26."

The offense is alleged to have been committed September 7, 1912. A bench warrant was issued Dec. 6, 1912 and Crabtree succeeded in eluding the officers until today. The affidavit also states that Crabtree tried to cash the check at the Roth & Scanlan saloon.

## WORTH MUCH TO TOWN MERCHANT

Parcel Post Offers Opportunity to  
Combat Activities of Mail  
Order Houses.

### SENDING CIRCULARS HERE

Third Day's Business at Postoffice  
Not as Heavy as The Second  
Day.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* BUTTER BY PARCEL POST \*  
\* Farmers began to use the \*  
\* parcel post in earnest today. \*  
\* Several country people who \*  
\* have regular customers in \*  
\* Rushville sent their butter in by \*  
\* parcel post and thus avoided a \*  
\* trip to the city. It is the first \*  
\* produce of any consequence \*  
\* that Rush county farmers have \*  
\* mailed since the new rate has \*  
\* taken effect. \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

That small city merchant should be on the alert and prepared to use the parcel post in disposing of their wares to combat as much as possible the active campaign for business being made by the large mail order houses in the rural district is the argument advanced since the new postal rate has been in effect and the attempt of large concerns to get more trade as a result of the reduced rate is apparent.

Even though the parcel law has been in effect only four days, already large mail order houses of Chicago and other cities are mailing circulars to postoffice patrons and people receiving their mail by rural route, making a special appeal for business on the strength of parcel post.

Circulars have been sent through the Rushville postoffice in great numbers since Wednesday. The mail order houses have their business down to a fine point. Their catalogues show the money to be saved by purchasing from their through parcel post. So fine is it that they show the saving in buying a few yards of cheap lace and having it sent by the new rate as compared with the old mail rate or express charges.

It was emphasized before the new law was in effect that small city merchants such as those in Rushville could use the parcel post law to advantage in competing with mail order houses. They have the same opportunity to sell their goods by mail under the new rate as the mail order houses have.

The third day's business under the parcel post law was not as productive at the Rushville postoffice as the second. Only twenty-three parcels were mailed. Their combined weight was seventeen pounds and twelve ounces and postage necessary to send them amounted to \$1.41.

The sale of parcel post stamps has been very heavy. Postmaster Frazee says his allotment of stamps is sufficient for present needs. People have been purchasing them so that they can mail bundles at home and not make a trip to the postoffice necessary. Very few parcels have been sent by patrons of the rural routes.

Some confusion has resulted at the postoffice on account of merchants and shippers not understanding that the parcel post takes the place of the fourth class mail. The parcel post law abolishes what was known as fourth class mail, and all parcels that formerly were sent as fourth class must now go by parcel post and must bear a parcel post stamp.

All merchandise weighing from one  
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## RUSHVILLE HAS HIGHEST LEVY

Residents of City Must Pay \$3.27  
on Hundred Dollars For  
1912 Taxes.

### CARTHAGE RATE FIXED AT \$2.86

Poll Tax in City is 25 Cents Higher  
Than Last Year—Lower in  
Townships.

County Treasurer Wm. McBride has prepared the tax levy for 1912 of the taxes that will have to be paid in Rush county during the year 1913. Taxes are payable in two installments—spring and fall. The spring installment must be paid on or before the first Monday in May and the fall installment on or before the first Monday in November.

The rate in the city of Rushville is higher than that of any other division in the county. It is \$3.27 on the hundred dollars. The nearest approach to this is the rate for Carthage, which is \$2.86 on the hundred.

Rushville's poll tax, too, is higher than that of any township or corporation in the county. It is an increase of twenty-five cents over the poll tax of 1911 which was \$3.75.

Anderson township's poll tax is next highest at \$3.50. Carthage, Posey township, Walker township and Rushville township each have a poll tax of \$3.00. The poll tax is divided into six parts, State tax, State school, county tax, tuition tax, special school tax and corporation tax.

The State tax, State school and county tax is the same for all cities, towns and townships, being fifty cents in the first two cases and a dollar in the latter. There is a deviation in the special school tax and the tuition tax, the highest in either case being fifty cents, with the exception of Anderson township which has to pay a special school tax of a dollar. Only Carthage, Glenwood and Rushville residents have to pay a corporation tax, which is a quarter for the two towns and a dollar for Rushville.

The poll tax for the various divisions in the county is as follows: Carthage, \$3.00; Ripley, township, \$2.50; Posey township, \$3.00; Walker township, \$3.00; Orange township, \$2.75; Anderson township, \$3.50; Rushville township, \$3.00; Jackson township, \$2.00; Center township, \$2.50; Washington township, \$2.50; Glenwood, \$2.75; Union township, \$2.50; Noble township, \$2.00; Richland township, \$2.50 and Rushville city, \$4.00.

The general tax levy on the hundred dollars worth of property assessed is divided into the following funds: State tax, state school, benevolent institutions, educational institutions, sinking fund, county tax, poor fund, township tax—which

## MARRIED SIX MONTHS AGO

Ben Stuttle Surprises Relatives and  
Friends by Announcement.

Friends of Ben Stuttle, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Stuttle of New Salem, and formerly of this city, have just learned that he was secretly married in Lafayette six months ago. His bride was Miss Ada Youill. Not even the parents and most intimate friends of Mr. Stuttle knew that he had been married. The first knowledge they had of the wedding was when he and his bride came here for a visit during the holidays.

the cities and towns do not have to pay—tuition tax, special school tax, road tax, free gravel road repairs, principal court house bond tax interest court house bond tax, library tax—which is to be paid on in Rushville, Posey and Ripley townships and Carthage—corporation tax—payable only in cities and towns—corporation school bond tax, township gravel bond tax, streets and alleys and water light.

The tax levy which is payable in two installments, half at a time, is as follows: Carthage, \$2.86; Ripley township, \$2.05; Posey township, \$2.41; Walker township, \$2.48; Orange township, \$1.92; Anderson township, \$2.31; Rushville township, \$1.99; Jackson township, \$2.27; Center township, \$1.90; Washington township, \$1.85; Glenwood, \$1.94; Union township, \$1.73; Noble township, \$2.20; Richland township, \$2.29; Rushville city, \$3.27.

## OLIVER M. SMITH BEGINS LAST SLEEP

Well Known Resident of This City  
Dies After Long Illness From  
Gall Trouble.

### FUNERAL MONDAY MORNING

Oliver M. Smith, 67 years old, a well known resident of this city died last night at 10:30 o'clock at his home, corner Ninth and Harrison streets, following a long illness. Mr. Smith had been in poor health for a number of months and had been seriously ill for four months suffering from gall trouble.

Oliver M. Smith was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Ebenezer Smith and was born in Union township. He resided on the farm until some sixteen years ago when he moved to this city. For a number of years Mr. Smith was engaged in the implement business. He had been married forty-six years and besides his widow leaves four children, Mrs. Thomas Dill, Mrs. Fred Lightfoot, Roy and Leon. He is also survived by seven brothers, Dr. W. H. Smith, Ben L. Smith, George Smith of Waldron, John Smith and Dr. Frank Smith of Indianapolis, Calvin Smith and Alfred Smith of Brownsville and two sisters, Mrs. Orange Florea and Mrs. Thomas Smiley.

The funeral services will be conducted Monday morning at 11 o'clock at the late residence by the Rev. W. H. Wylie. Burial will take place in East Hill cemetery.

## COLDER AND SNOW SUNDAY

Change Forecast by Slowly Dropping  
Temperature This Afternoon.

A slowly dropping temperature this afternoon forecast what is expected to come tonight and tomorrow. The weather man predicts that the mercury will drop several degrees by tomorrow, and that more snow will follow on the heels of the colder weather. Twenty degrees was the lowest temperature recorded here this morning. There was a change of ten or fifteen degrees during the day.

The installation of the officers of Ivy lodge No. 27 will be held at the Knights of Pythias building Monday evening. Samuel Trabue will be the installing officer.

Many people from a distance attended the funeral services of Frank Mull which were held at the late residence this afternoon. The Knights Templar, of which he was a member, attended in full dress and had charge of the services. Many beautiful floral offerings were made.

## INVESTIGATION MAY BE RESULT

Indictments Returned Against C., H.  
& D. Officials When Time For In-  
stalling Blocks Was Extended.

### GRAND JURY NOT INFORMED

Charges Will Hold as to Trainmen  
Who Were Indicted Because of  
Their Negligence.

An examination of the records of the State railroad commission shows that at the time of the Irvington wreck, for which officials of the C., H. & D. are under indictment by the Marion county grand jury, an order was in effect relieving the company from installing block signals on that section of its track. The grand jury indictment charges the directors of the company with failure to install signals as required by law.

The order in question was issued May 9, 1912. It directed the company to install block signals between the Ohio state line and Glenwood, Ind., by Jan. 1, 1913, and provided that the manual blocks then in use could be maintained between Glenwood and Indianapolis until Jan. 1, 1913.

On Dec. 3, which was after the wreck, the commission issued an order for the installation of block signals from Glenwood to Indianapolis by July 31, 1913.

Joseph R. Riely, secretary of the railroad commission, was a witness before the grand jury. The grand jury had evidence in the case after his examination which caused it to believe that an extension of time had not been given the railroad company in which to install the block signals, although the commission records were not produced. Deery says that he heard the day the indictments were returned that an extension had been granted, and he called the commission's office on the telephone. After the conversation, which he says was with Riely, he still believed the order had not been made. He also understands that since the wreck the railroad did ask an extension of time in a petition filed with the commission, but the petition was withdrawn. If the order had been granted before the wreck, he asks why an extension should have been asked afterward.

The prosecutor and Deery both are wondering about the order and say if it is interposed as a defense, they probably will have some further questions to ask. Just what they will ask they will not say.

Judge Markey said that he will take up the question of ordering the capias for the arrest of the railroad men sent to the sheriff as soon as he contemplates the present trial in Criminal Court. The capias have been written but not given to the sheriff, pending a decision as to what course to pursue. Whatever orders may be found on the records of the Railroad Commission will not interfere with the prosecution of the cases now on the court's dockets, the prosecutor says, although they may make a conviction doubtful.

At the expiration of the first week of 1913 it will be necessary for the railroad commission to decide whether it is to attempt to collect the \$1,000 a week penalty from the C., H. & D. for failure to obey the order to have block signals installed between Glenwood and the Ohio state line by Jan. 1. Although no official report has been received it is known by the commission that the system will not be in operation by that time. Judge Wood declined to  
Continued on page 8.



## TURKEY ADMITS SHE'S DONE FOR

Army Powerless to Continue the Struggle.

### MUST ACCEPT ALLIES' TERMS

Formal Admission on the Part of Nazim Pasha, Commander-in-Chief of Turkish Army, That His Forces Are Helpless to Renew the Fight, Compels Ottoman Plenipotentiaries to Cease Their Game of Bluff.

London, Jan. 4.—Turkey is unable to resume hostilities, so Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief and minister of war, has notified the grand vizier, and the last terms of the allies must therefore be accepted. Today, then, the Turkish plenipotentiaries meeting here will have to accept the ultimatum of the Balkan allies, which was read to them yesterday.

M. Daneff, who read the ultimatum to the Turks, offered to give until Monday to decide upon whether or not to accept it. Rechid Pasha said that the delay was needless—that he and his delegates would be ready to reply today.

When the meeting convened the Turks read their statement of what they offered to the allies. It is:

"The delegates of the allied states having asked us to indicate a line of frontier that would serve as a basis for the negotiations now in progress, we have the honor to propose in regard to the vilayet of Adrianople the following rectification, which will constitute a new territorial session:

"The boundary line will start from the old frontier to the Arda river and continue to follow the river as far as Adah, which is situated at the mouth of the River Suyndi Chai, an affluent of the Arda, and thence, leaving Cumul Juna to the east, frontier will extend to a point on Lake Burn Genuh (Lagos) following the direction to be fixed by the military delegates.

"As regards Crete, the imperial government will renounce to the great powers the Ottoman right to the island, whose status and future shall be submitted to the decision of the powers on condition that cession of no other islands shall be asked for."

When Rechid Pasha had finished reading this the allies asked for an adjournment to consider their reply. They were out for an hour and twenty-five minutes. On their return M. Daneff read their ultimatum, which was:

"The allied delegates see with regret that the Ottoman delegates take no account of the results of the war and believe that they would consequently be justified in breaking off negotiations. In order, however, to afford fresh proof of their conciliatory spirit, they request the Ottoman delegates to make them at 4 o'clock on Monday a proposition containing:

"1. The relinquishment by the sublime porte of her rights to Crete.

"2. Accession of the islands of the Aegean sea.

"3. As regards the vilayet of Adrianople an indication of a frontier, leaving the town of Adrianople to the allies.

"4. Failing this, the negotiations will be considered as having been broken off.

### MADE WAY WITH EVIDENCE

Thug Waylays Superintendent of Anti-Vice Association.

New York, Jan. 4.—Harry Schlacht, superintendent of the East Side Protective association, and a prospective witness before the Curran aldermanic committee, was found on the floor of his office. He said that he had been hit over the head with a blackjack and that certain books which he had in his office and which he intended to use as evidence when he was before the aldermanic committee to tell of police grafting had been stolen. The organization of which Schlacht is superintendent has for its object the suppression of vice and crime on the east side.

#### Montreal's Open Winter.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—The weather in this part of Canada is so mild that trees have begun to bud, and the St. Lawrence river is absolutely free from ice. Never before, since this province was settled, has the river been open later than Jan. 1. A country correspondent reports seeing a butterfly.

#### Upper Alton Gets It.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 4.—The state board of administration has decided to build the proposed new state hospital for the insane on the Rogers site near Upper Alton. The cost of the site and building is limited by the legislature to \$1,250,000.

#### Laborer Shoots Foreman.

Winamac, Ind., Jan. 4.—In a quarrel at Monterey among some railroad men, John Hawkins, colored, shot the foreman, Paul Martin, twice. Martin is in a serious condition. Hawkins was bound over to court on \$1,000 bond.

#### Highwayman Confesses Guilt.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 4.—John McIntyre, colored, captured by the police on a traction car bound for Indianapolis, confessed he held up several citizens and was sentenced for from five to fourteen years.

#### NAZIM PASHA.

Turkish Minister of War and Commander in Chief in Field.



## THE REID FUNERAL HELD THIS MORNING

Last Rites for the Late Ambassador to England.

New York, Jan. 4.—In a crypt of the cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday, the body of Whitelaw Reid, late American ambassador to the court of St. James, was placed. Marines from the battleship Connecticut guarded it throughout the night. Candles were lighted in the crypt and guards stood at the four corners of the coffin, while sentries paced at each entrance to the crypt.

The funeral services were held at 11 o'clock this morning. Bishop Greer conducted the services. President Taft and many men distinguished in professional and civil life attended the services, following which the body was taken to a vault at Sleepy Hollow cemetery.

### THE FUNERAL OF JIM KEENE

Services Will Be Held Monday From the Church of the Ascension.

New York, Jan. 4.—Arrangements have been made for the funeral services of James R. Keene at the Church of the Ascension next Monday. The body will be buried in the Keene family plot in Woodlawn cemetery.

While the death of Mr. Keene removed the last of the old time speculators and manipulators from Wall street, the world at large misses him rather as a sportsman than as a man who made money his game.

#### Six Killed in Wreck.

Mobile, Ala., Jan. 4.—Six persons were killed and thirty injured in a wreck of a passenger train on the New Orleans, Mobile & Ohio railway, near Leaf, Miss. The train fell through a trestle.

### TERSE TELEGRAMS

A ninety-mile gale at New York caused the sinking of several barges and the stranding of a scow.

The Ulster Unionists are perfecting arrangements to resist any attempt to enforce the provisions of the new home rule bill.

Mr. Wilson has received numerous letters and resolutions favoring the appointment of a woman to the cabinet.

Easter falls on March 23 this year. It came just as early in the year 1856, but never since then. The occasion befell still a day earlier in 1812.

J. P. Morgan has been formally declared a patron of fine arts and letters by special act of the trustees of the Catholic University of America.

Louis Akin, the artist who received the commission two years ago for the mural paintings of Indian life for the American Museum of Natural History in New York, is dead at Flagstaff, Ariz.

The famous old frigate Jamestown which fought gallantly through the civil war, was burned to the water's edge at her moorings near the Norfolk navy yard. The cause of the fire is a mystery.

Roofs were blown off, trees uprooted, plate glass windows broken and telegraphic connections badly damaged by a gale which hit Washington, doing damage amounting to thousands of dollars.

A southern hurricane swept up the Chesapeake bay at a sixty-mile gait, driving enormous tides into streams of the eastern shore and flooding the town of Salisbury and other villages on the shore.

The leading men in the United Garment Workers of America and of the unions involved in the New York strike still are talking peace with representatives of the Clothing Manufacturers' association.

## ANNUAL FIRES ARE 2,000 MILES LONG

Awful Loss to Flames Told In Statistics.

### 1,500 LIVES TAKEN YEARLY

New York Fire Commissioner Reviews Figures on Devastation of Blazes. Says It Costs \$3 Per Capita—Fires of Ten Years Cost More Than Wheat Crop and Twice Corn Crop.

Following are a few startling statements in an article on "Fire Prevention in the Home" by Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson of New York city in the Pictorial Review:

"If all the buildings burned last year in the United States were set up side by side, on both sides of the road, they would line an unbroken avenue of desolation which would reach from New York to Chicago. Set up on one side of the road only, these burned wrecks, most of them silent monuments of carelessness, would build a wall 2,000 miles long—every year, mind you!

"And since 1,500 lives are lost and over 5,000 people seriously injured every year you would find a dead and charred body of a man, woman or little child every three-quarters of a mile as you walk along that stretch of wanton waste. Get the picture well into your mind.

"When you begin your fight against fire in your home tell these things to your husband and then add these figures which affect his pocketbook. That is the way to make the men help you. If he is a business man or a farmer tell him this:

"The loss by fire in our forty-eight states every year represents about 43 per cent of the total unused United States government receipts or total expenditures for a year or the net earnings of the American railways for a year. It represents 80 per cent of the United States internal revenue yearly receipts. In the last ten years the fire waste in the United States exceeds the amount of gold held in the United Kingdom, Austria, Hungary, Italy and Spain. It exceeds the annual value of wheat, hay, rye and oats. It is twice the annual value of our entire national corn crop.

"The fire loss in America represents \$3 per capita as against 30 cents in Europe. Nothing to be very proud of, is it?"

Commissioner Johnson further explains, particularly warning women:

"Portable gas stoves must of necessity have rubber tubing attached to them, but it should be renewed every few months. Rubber is very scarce in this age and the quality none too good. The rubber tubing of gas stoves deteriorates with age, often leaking or breaking outright, allowing the gas to escape. This causes the worst kind of a fire, because it means an explosion as well. Gas stoves should be connected with iron tubing, not rubber, wherever possible, even if the initial cost is a little bit more.

"How often do you clean the grease out of your gas oven? Ovens are frequently used for broiling purposes, and women have been burned to death by their clothes catching fire while trying to remove the burning meat from the oven. Many foolish wise women have thought first of their meat and then of themselves and their home. In case your meat catches fire in the oven quickly turn off the gas and throw salt by the handful on the blaze, but do not use any water. The salt will put out the fire; you can scrape off the excess salt and the meat will still be palatable.

"Almost every country home boasts of a large cellar and a spacious attic, both of them used as an out of the way place to store useless bits of broken furniture, rag bags, old clothes and other inflammable articles. When the housewife wants to explore these rubbish heaps she takes a lighted candle or kerosene lamp, sometimes merely a box of matches, striking one after the other, throwing the dead ones away as they go out. Where do they fall? She knows not. Neither does she care so long as she finds the particular piece of old carpet she is hunting for.

"As you read this these things may seem like trifles, but they are large enough when you recall the fact that the most disastrous fires in years, the ones which have swept away the greatest number of human lives, have been started by the careless use of a match. The Triangle shirt waist factory fire, which burned up 147 persons, most of them young girls, was started by the careless use of a match. The Equitable Life Assurance building fire, which gutted a city block and burned up a million dollars' worth of property, was caused by the careless use of a match. Do not argue that such a fire will happen but once in a lifetime. Surely this is enough. And remember that your daughter can burn to death but once, just as did those helpless young girls in the Triangle shirt waist building."

#### His Annual Treasure Trove.

Louis Gay, a merchant of St. Etienne, France, was digging in his garden when he found \$2,000 in gold which had been buried there in 1870. Last year he found another \$2,000 in a box hidden under the tiles of his house. There is no clew to the ownership of the money.

## With The Churches

Regular services at St. Mary's Catholic church, conducted by the Rev. M. J. Lyons. Masses at 8:00 and 10:00 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30, and Vespers at 3:00 p. m.

Little Flat Rock Christian church—Services each Lord's day at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Talmage De-frees at every service unless otherwise announced. Bible school at 10 a. m. and Young Peoples meeting at 6:30 p. m.

There will be preaching every other Sunday at the Glenwood M. E. church. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock, evening services at 7 o'clock and Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock.

Regular services will be held at the Main Street Christian church Sunday with preaching by the pastor at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school at 9:15 and Junior Endeavor at 2:30.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, will have their usual meeting at their room over the Farmers Trust Company. The lesson for Sunday will be "God."

The Rev. Thomas B. White of Bloomington, presbyterian minister for Indiana University students will preach both morning and evening at the First Presbyterian church. Other services at the regular hours.

Regular services will be held at the U. P. church Sunday. The pastor, the Rev. A. W. Jaieson, will preach in the morning on the topic: "Doing Business For Jesus Christ." In the evening his subject will be "Lord Teach us to Pray." The congregation will observe the week of prayer next week with services every evening.

The Salvation Army—Holiness meeting Sunday morning at 10:30; Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.; Young Peoples meeting at 6:30 p. m.; Hallelujah wind up for the day at 7:30. Tuesday night salvation meeting at 7:30; Wednesday night, open air meeting; Thursday night, salvation meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Saturday night and afternoon open air meetings. All indoor meetings are held at their hall in South Pearl street.

W. R. Fox, 195 W. Washington St., Noblesville, Ind., says: "After suffering many months with kidney trouble, after trying other remedies and prescriptions, I purchased a box of Foley Kidney Pills which not only did me more good than any other remedies I ever used, but have positively set my kidneys right. Other members of my family have used them with similar results." Take at first sign of kidney trouble. F. B. Johnson and Company.

(Advertisement.)

#### Tombstone Amid Waves.

Americans by the thousand visit Mont St. Michel every year, there to explore the famous old monastery and feast on the renowned omelets of Mme. Poularde, and most of them tarry en route at St. Malo, the gay watering place on the Brittany coast, whose grim past is recalled by the fortifications by which it is begirt. Chateaubriand, the father of French romanticism, is buried at St. Malo, and no true American sightseer fails to pay a visit to his tomb, nameless, which at high tide is covered by the sea. Jules Lamaitre in a work on "the great egotist," as he calls Chateaubriand, tells how the author bargained with the mayor of St. Malo for the grant of a rock whereon to plant his tomb, which, he stipulated, was to be a simple stone with a cross, without a name, amid the waves. "He was bent," says Chateaubriand's latest biographer, "on astonishing the world, even when he could no longer be by to enjoy the effect. There was vanity in his very skeleton."—New York Press.

Smoked Ham 17c, and skinned smoked Shoulder 13½c. at Kramers Meat Market. 194tf

#### Hints for Housekeepers.

Keep Foley's Honey and Tar Compound always on hand, and you can quickly head off a cold by its prompt use. It contains no opiates, heals and soothes the inflamed air passages, stops the cough, and may save a big doctor's bill. In the yellow package. F. B. Johnson and Co. (Advertisement.)

## ECZEMA CAN BE CURED!

I Will Prove It To You At My Expense.

YOU WHO ARE SUFFERING THE TORTURES OF ECZEMA, WHOSE DAYS ARE MISERABLE, WHOSE NIGHTS ARE MADE SLEEPLESS BY THE TERRIBLE ITCHING, BURNING PAINS, LET ME SEND YOU A FREE TRIAL OF THE TREATMENT WHICH HAS CURED HUNDREDS WHICH I BELIEVE WILL CURE YOU. I WILL SEND IT FREE. POSTAGE PAID, WITHOUT ANY OBLIGATION ON YOUR PART. JUST WRITE ME A LETTER, OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS ON A POSTAL CARD. I WILL SEND THE TREATMENT FREE OF COST TO YOU. J.C. HUTZELL, 122 W. Main St., Ft. Wayne, Ind.



#### Pay Telephone Toll

Don't overlook to pay your telephone toll before January 12 if you wish to avoid paying 15 cents extra for collection. No notice will be given by telephone. 252t10. W. T. JACKSON, Sec'y.

Mrs. Austin's famous pancakes make a really delicious, wholesome breakfast.

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quicker than any other remedy on the market. GET A TRIAL BOTTLE AT JOHNSON'S.

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Drugs, Wall Paper, Paints and Window Shades

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## THE MADDEN BROTHERS CO.

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REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2½, 4 and 7 horse power. BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM.

We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Plow Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.

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517 to 519 West Second Street.

DID YOU EVER TRY

# A Want Ad?

"A Sure Thing and With Quick Results"

Will sell anything you have you do not want, or will rent that empty house or room. Telephone 1111 and the boy will collect later.



# SENSATIONS GROW OUT OF PUJO INQUIRY INTO THE "MONEY TRUST"

## Nation Gasps Over News of How Financial Giants Juggle Millions

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.

IN Wall street they call it the "pugilistic investigation," in the same way that they say of any concern that has tied up with J. P. Morgan & Co. or has been merged through Morgan's influence that it has contracted a "Morganic marriage." Even Wall street has its humorous side, one of the funny things in the eyes and ears of the brokers being the bleating of the lambs that have been shorn.

The "pugilistic" pun comes from the name of Representative Arsene P. Pujo, chairman of the house committee now investigating the money trust. Mr. Morgan, the star witness of the investigation, says that there is no money trust. Samuel Untermyer, the counsel of the Pujo committee, admits that there may be no money trust regularly incorporated as such, but maintains that there is a small group of men controlling the bulk of the money, industries and credits of the country, which amounts to the same thing.

To begin at the beginning, as the man said who was about to discuss the subject of original sin, it required quite a fight in congress before the money trust investigation was ordered at all. William J. Bryan, as had various New York bankers and newspapers. Some of the high financiers tried to drag the constitution into the affair and talked about the unconstitutionality of such a proceeding. Others even went so far as to say that they would not answer questions. A common remark heard in certain high finance quarters was that it would "hurt business."

### Mr. Common People Heard From.

The average citizen also had thoughts on the proposition. He had a vague feeling that all was not right with stock gambling and other practices in the world of money. He had a suspicion that these things had a connection with the high prices that were pinching him. At any rate, he felt that the matter should be investigated.

Now, the average citizen outnumbers the high financier by several thousand to one. Moreover, his vote is potent in elections. Therefore his voice was heard in the halls of congress, and the inquiry was ordered.

It was placed in the hands of the house banking and currency committee, of which Mr. Pujo is chairman. This committee was divided, one section headed by Carter Glass of Virginia, the ranking Democratic member taking up the recommendations of the monetary commission as to currency reform, and the other, headed by Chairman Pujo, investigating the money trust. It is with the Pujo committee that we have to deal.

The inquiry has had few dull moments. Some of the testimony has been sensational. Most of it has been illuminating. Best of all, it promises to bring results.

One broker showed signs of being recalcitrant. When questioned as to his profits in a certain transaction he demurred on the ground that it was private business. Yet it was a deal involving concerns doing business in many states. He was given all night to think it over and decided to answer. It turned out that his profits had been something enormous.

### Morals and the Stock Exchange.

A former president of the New York Stock Exchange, F. K. Sturgis, was on the stand. He was asked concerning "washed sales" and "matched orders." These are resorted to for the purpose of producing a seeming activity in a given stock. For example, Broker A buys a large block of P. D. Q. and X. stock. Through another broker he then sells an equal block of the same. This makes the stock appear active and induces the public to buy. As a result some more lambs are shorn.

When asked if he approved these and other like practices Mr. Sturgis answered:

"I approve of transactions that pay their proper commissions and are properly transacted. You are asking me a moral question, and I am giving you a Stock Exchange answer."

This reply was so bold and frank that even some of the Wall street newspapers took Mr. Sturgis to task. He had intimated that morals have nothing to do with the Stock Exchange. Although that view is so generally accepted as to be commonplace, it did not sound well when baldly stated by one on the inside.

Mr. Sturgis and others who are or have been in authority in the Stock Exchange gave more testimony in kind. Some of it shocked the country and alarmed Wall street.

Just before the holiday recess Mr. Morgan appeared. Accompanied by a long array of lawyers, among whom were a former ambassador to England and a former United States senator, the arrival of the biggest figure in Wall street created quite a stir about Washington. When the brokers saw the retinue of distinguished counsel Mr. Morgan took with him the common remark was, "They must have some-

## The Way Lambs Are Fleeced Disclosed--Good Results Due From Probe.

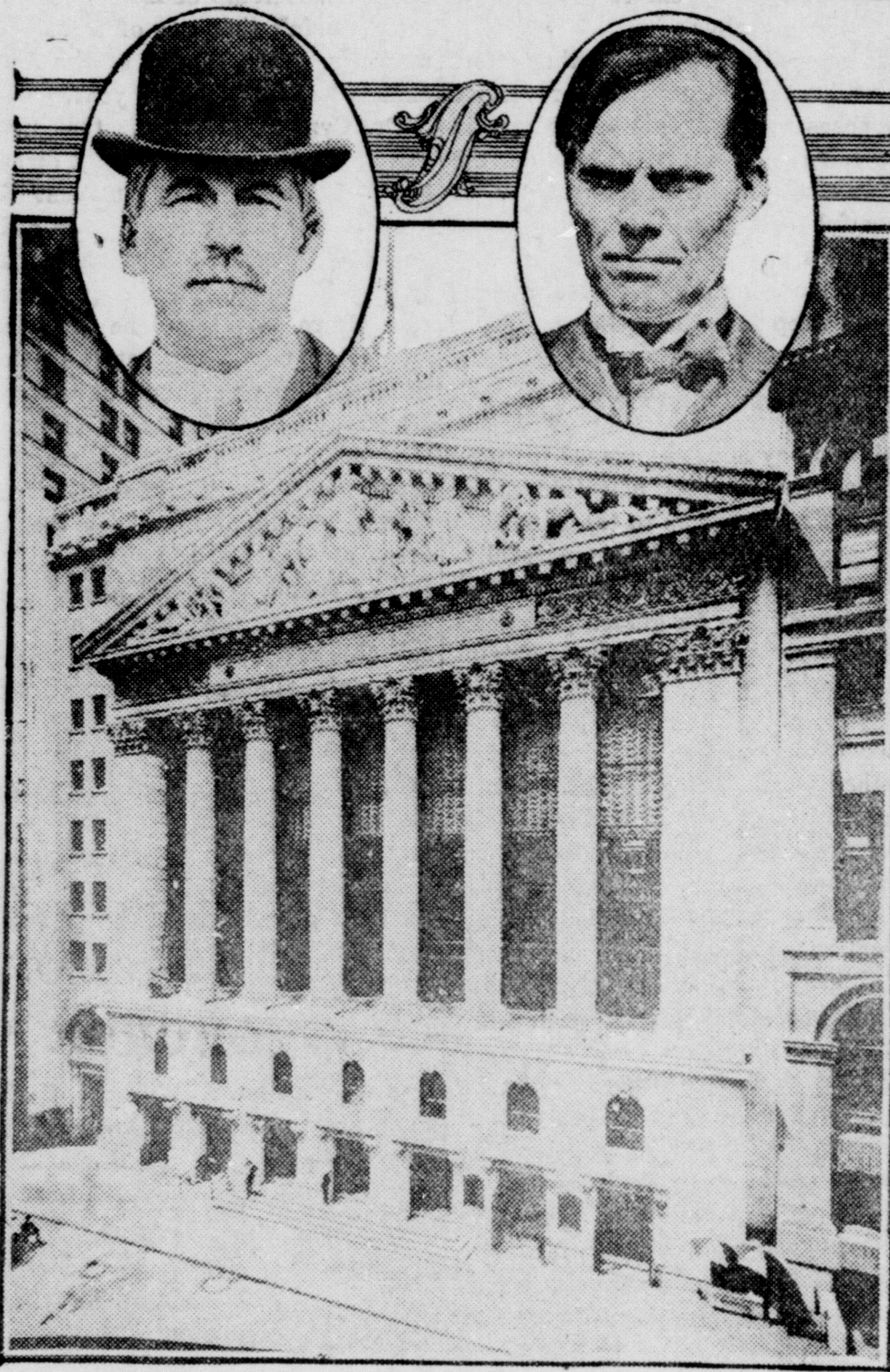
thing on the old man." If so, it did not show in the testimony.

### Morgan Denies Having Power.

As a witness it was unanimously agreed that Mr. Morgan acquitted himself well. He denied having any sense of power, testified that character counted for more than money in making loans, said that it was impossible for any one ever to get a monopoly of cash and credits and apparently answered every question in a frank and open manner. The easy way he talked of millions made some of the legislators gasp, and the gasping increased when he testified to paying \$3,000,000 for about \$50,000 worth of stock in the Equitable Life.

By all his questioning Untermyer could not get the witness to divulge his

porations, not counting the 134 industrial trusts, the interlocking of the directorates is interesting. I figured these out as fully as I could in a limited time. Five men have five directorships each, three have four each, nine have three each, and a long list have two each. Mr. Morgan is a director of J. P. Morgan & Co. and the First National bank of New York. J. P. Morgan, Jr., is a director of J. P. Morgan & Co., the National City bank and the National Bank of Commerce. George W. Perkins is a director in J. P. Morgan & Co. and the New York Trust company. Among the men with the most directorships the names of J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National bank of New York, the Guarantee Trust company and the National Bank of Commerce occur with suggestive frequency. Every man with three or more directorships is connected with one or more of these four concerns with one exception. That exception is E. H. Gary, head of the steel trust, which was organized by Mr. Morgan. The men with five directorships each are H. P. Davison and T. W. Lamont, Mr. Morgan's partners; George F. Baker, F. L. Hine and A. H. Wiggin. Baker, Davison and Lamont are each connected with three out of the four banks mentioned, Hine and Wiggin each with two. In addition, they have many other directorships in the voting trusts and the 134 industrial corporations. The reader who has followed this somewhat dry recital of facts can begin to



Photos by American Press Association.

## CHAIRMAN PUJO AND GOVERNOR ELECT SULZER OF NEW YORK, AT TOP. FRONT VIEW OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, WHICH IS UNDER INVESTIGATION.

motive for this purchase further than to say that he thought it was a good thing to do. The purchase was made from Thomas F. Ryan, who is himself some noise in the world of money. When Morgan swore that Ryan seemed unwilling to sell, but finally did so, there was more gasping than ever. For a man without power to compel Ryan against his will to part with a corporation as rich as the Equitable was a thing so astonishing that nothing less than a gasp would have done it justice. It also came out during the testimony that when Mr. Morgan saved Wall street in the panic of 1907 the money with which it was done came from the United States treasury.

Just before Morgan took the stand the committee experts exhibited a chart that was one of the most interesting exhibits of the entire inquiry. It showed that 180 men practically controlled \$25,000,000,000 of wealth in the United States. These men are the directors of eighteen banks and trust companies, thirteen of them being in New York, three in Chicago and two in Boston.

### Control 134 Corporations.

The information was got together by Philip Scudder, the statistician of the Pujo committee. He showed that by means of interlocking directorates these eighteen concerns, with the 180 men composing them, are interested in 134 big corporations, in which they hold 746 directorships. At the head of the group stands Morgan, and associated with him are the great names of the financial world. The interlocking directorates begin with the eighteen big private, state and national banking corporations and extend from these to the 134 industrial corporations. The control is also exercised through what are known as voting trustees. J. P. Morgan & Co. have eleven of these; the First National bank of New York has thirteen; the Guarantee Trust company has eight; the Bankers' Trust company four, the National Bank of Commerce eight and the Chase National bank three. These are all known as Morgan concerns.

With the eighteen giant banking cor-

porations, not counting the 134 industrial trusts, the interlocking of the directorates is interesting. I figured these out as fully as I could in a limited time. Five men have five directorships each, three have four each, nine have three each, and a long list have two each. Mr. Morgan is a director of J. P. Morgan & Co. and the First National bank of New York. J. P. Morgan, Jr., is a director of J. P. Morgan & Co., the National City bank and the National Bank of Commerce. George W. Perkins is a director in J. P. Morgan & Co. and the New York Trust company. Among the men with the most directorships the names of J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National bank of New York, the Guarantee Trust company and the National Bank of Commerce occur with suggestive frequency. Every man with three or more directorships is connected with one or more of these four concerns with one exception. That exception is E. H. Gary, head of the steel trust, which was organized by Mr. Morgan. The men with five directorships each are H. P. Davison and T. W. Lamont, Mr. Morgan's partners; George F. Baker, F. L. Hine and A. H. Wiggin. Baker, Davison and Lamont are each connected with three out of the four banks mentioned, Hine and Wiggin each with two. In addition, they have many other directorships in the voting trusts and the 134 industrial corporations. The reader who has followed this somewhat dry recital of facts can begin to

### Tom Lawson Says Things.

One of the diversions of the inquiry has been furnished by the page ads. of Mr. Thomas W. Lawson of Boston. Having paid for this space, Mr. Lawson has said whatever he pleased, and that has been plenty. Having been in the frenzied finance game nearly all his life, Lawson may be said to speak by the card. As to whether there is or is not a money trust, he says picturesquely and emphatically that there is. He adds that it is the direct cause of the high cost of living and asserts that it has done "more damage to the American people in any one year than has been done to all the world by all the professional highwaymen, burglars, pickpockets and murderers since civilization began."

The trail leads not only to Washington, but to Albany. It is fairly certain that the Pujo committee will recommend drastic legislation to regulate the Stock Exchange and other abuses of high finance. In addition, it now grows apparent that the New York legislature will supplement this attempt by state legislation.

Some years ago Governor Charles E. Hughes appointed a commission to investigate Wall street. This commission reported certain abuses, but said that the governors of the Stock Exchange had promised reforms. It therefore recommended that there be no attempt to incorporate the body and bring it under the state laws, adding, however, that if these reforms were not made the people would demand incorporation. The investigation of the Pujo committee shows that the reforms promised have failed to materialize. The prophecy of the Hughes committee is being fulfilled. There is coming up an overwhelming demand to incorporate the Stock Exchange, and this demand proceeds not only from the people, but from the members of the newly elected legislature and governor. If incorporation comes the evils of washed sales, margin gambling, short selling, rehypothecation of customers' stocks and similar practices.

## GRANTS FREEDOM PENDING APPEAL

### Dynamiters Admitted to Bail By Upper Court.

### BOND PLACED IN BIG FIGURES

United States Court of Appeals Says That Recently Convicted Men May Leave Leavenworth Prison Pending Review of Case if They Can Secure Bond in the Sum of \$10,000 For Each Year Their Sentence Runs.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—The United States circuit court of appeals here has issued a writ of supersedeas, staying execution of the varying sentences imposed on the dynamite conspirators recently convicted at Indianapolis. Bail was based on the number of years which the prisoners have been sentenced to serve—\$10,000 for each year.

Thus Ryan's bail was fixed at \$70,000. Those who received sentences of six years must furnish \$60,000; four years, \$40,000, and so on down to \$10,000 for the one-year sentences. According to defense lawyers, the court, Judges Seaman and Baker sitting, seemed most impressed by the extradition feature of the arguments presented.

Defense lawyers stated that money enough to admit all to bail would be forthcoming.

The fight to get all the convicted dynamiters except Herbert S. Hockin out of the Leavenworth federal prison on bond, pending a review of the case on appeal by the higher court, attracted much attention. Hockin, the former secretary of the International Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, is an exception on his own volition. He accepts the six-year sentence imposed on him by Judge Anderson. At the close of the argument of District Attorney Miller, Chester E. Krum, attorney for the convicted men, addressed the court, saying that ten of the men now in prison do not seek to appeal their cases. He did not name them.

Mr. Krum began his presentation of the defendant's contention by giving an historical review of the case, following which he presented the exceptions to the conduct of the case in Judge Anderson's court, chief among which were:

That the court erred in overruling motions to quash the indictment, and in overruling a long list of demurrers; that the court erred in sustaining the government's motion to consolidate the indictments; that the court erred in denying the motion to elect indictments on which to proceed; that the court erred in overruling the motion of various defendants to instruct that a verdict be returned in their favor at the conclusion of the evidence; that the court erred in refusing to submit to the jury certain specific instructions requested by various defendants; that the court erred in giving certain instructions to the jury and in refusing to strike out and take from the jury certain statements made by the district attorney in his opening statement to the jury, and also erred in refusing to strike from the record evidence of certain witnesses.

Judge Anderson's charge to the jury was attacked by Krum. He declared that the statute relating to conspiracy in transporting explosives had been misinterpreted by the court.

District Attorney Miller in his argument seemed to score heaviest on his showing that notwithstanding the fact that the application for supersedeas was made in behalf of all the thirty-three prisoners—except Hockin—at least ten of them did not really want it. He also urged that the crime for which the men are convicted is not extraditable. He showed that there was grave likelihood of at least some of the prisoners forfeiting their bond by quitting the country, and that at least one had sworn to kill McManigal on sight.

### DYNAMITE DEFENSE'S COST

Acting Secretary Estimates It Will Not Exceed \$85,000.

Indianapolis, Jan. 4.—J. E. McClory, acting secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, says he does not believe the organization's expenses for the dynamite conspiracy case will exceed \$85,000 and may be less than that. The total expenditures has not been estimated, he said, and nothing but a rough estimate could be made. While the trial was going on each one of the defendant iron workers was paid \$5 a day, his wage allowance, and \$3 a day additional for his board and lodging. The typewritten record of the proceedings of the case is said to have cost a large sum, but Mr. McClory said he did not know how much it would amount to.

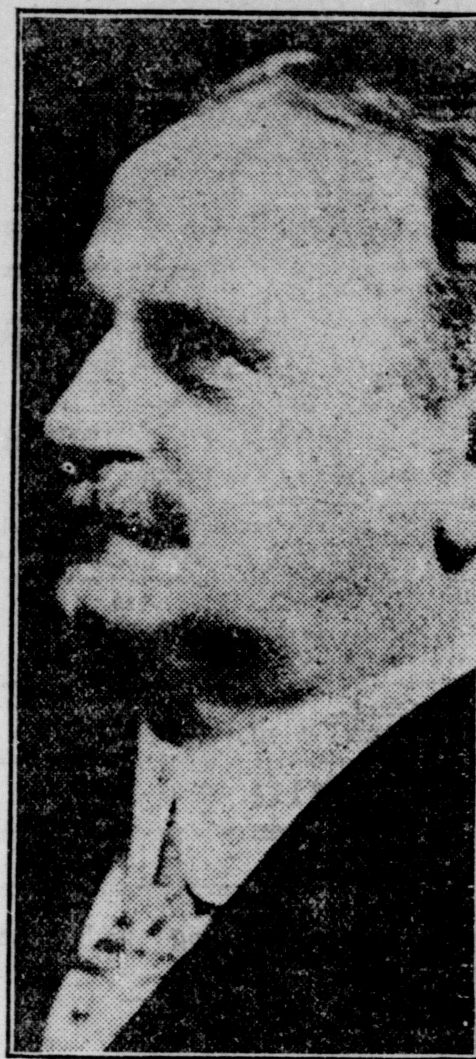
Mr. McClory refused to say anything concerning the amount of attorneys' fees paid.

### Banana Causes Woman's Death.

Clinton, Ind., Jan. 4.—Mrs. Thomas Albright, aged fifty, choked to death when eating a banana in James Keven's store. Men in the store beat her on the back when she struggled to regain her breath. She died before a doctor arrived.

P. V. DE GRAW.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, In Charge of Parcel Post.



## HOW DID MR. HEARST GET THOSE LETTERS?

### That Is What the Senate Will Try to Find Out.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Another batch of Standard Oil correspondence furnished to the committee by William R. Hearst in the form of photographic reproductions, was read into the record of the committee investigating campaign expenditures. There were about thirty exhibits in all. The committee decided to go into an investigation of the charges made by ex-Senator J. B. Foraker as to how Mr. Hearst obtained the letters.

Much of the correspondence just read had passed between John D. Archbold and former Senator John McLauren of South Carolina. Some of the letters from Mr. Archbold to Mr. McLauren congratulated the South Carolina senator on the way he was maintaining himself in a fight against his colleague, Mr. Tillman. Senators who recalled that at one time Tillman and McLauren had a fist fight on the senate floor showed unusual interest in the comment made by Mr. Archbold.

One letter from the late Senator Quay was introduced in which he invited Archbold to meet him in Washington. In a letter marked "Personal," dated Nov. 9, 1900, Mr. Archbold congratulated Senator Penrose on the outcome of the election and expressed the hope that Senator Quay had won.

In a letter dated June 6, 1901, written to Congressman Sibley of Pennsylvania, Mr. Archbold discussed Senator McLauren and roasted Senator Tillman. In a letter written by Senator McLauren to Mr. Archbold under date of May 29, 1902, the senator, in speaking of his political campaign against Tillman, wrote: "I can beat Tillman if properly and generously supported. There is no time to lose, however."

### County Assessors Report.

Indianapolis, Jan. 4.—Eighty-one of the ninety-two county assessors at the annual conference of county assessors and the state tax board reported that in 1912 they uncovered and placed on the tax duplicates of their respective counties a total of \$10,202,181 of omitted and sequestered property, on which the various counties collected taxes.

### His Name and Profession.

When Alfonso XIII. of Spain was in the grip of his earliest motoring fever his car was not always recognized, and so he had some amusing experiences. At Bayonne he was once "held up" by a gendarme, who requested him to show his driving license.

"I have not got one," replied the king. "Then," rejoined the gendarme, "I shall have to summon you. Your name, address and profession?" "Alfonso de Bourbon, king of Spain, Palace Miramar, S. Sebastian," was the reply.

Tableau—"The Passes of the Pyrenees."

### Taking Him Down.

"What reason have you to think my daughter loves you?"

"She says she is willing to make any sacrifice for me."

"That's no sign she loves you."

"What is it, then?"

"An indication that she's crazy."—Chicago Record-Herald.

### Psychological Study.

"What makes you think that man has a melancholy disposition? His remarks are always highly optimistic."

"That's the point," replied Miss Cayenne. "Only a person of melancholy tendencies would have to go to so much pains to cheer himself up."—Washington Star.

## LIVED IN TENT PART OF TIME

Mrs. Addie Owen Describes Bitter  
Life Her Husband Forced  
Her to Live.

### SHE GETS DIVORCE FROM HIM

He Squanders His Belongings in  
Drinking and Riotous Living  
—Child in Her Custody.

A divorce has been granted to Addie Owen from Andrew Owen by Judge Blair in the Shelby circuit court, following the portrayal by Mrs. Owen of the sordid life her husband caused his family to live as the result of his wasting his substance in drinking and riotous living. Mr. and Mrs. Owens have lived in the southern part of Rush county a good part of their married life. Mrs. Owen was granted the custody of their child.

Mrs. Owen's story of her married life showed that she had tasted of dregs almost as bitter as can possibly come to a wife. She had seen her husband squander his patrimony in drinking and gambling and had stood by helpless to prevent as they passed from days of comparative ease to the direct depths of poverty.

They were married February 13, 1898, and the final separation occurred October 5, 1912. Prompted by her attorney, Mrs. Owen told the story from start to finish and not infrequently the tears came to her eyes as she was forced to live over the scenes of the past.

She said her husband inherited forty acres of land and other property in 1901 and that he was forced to sell it in 1905 because of having encumbered it to gratify his passion for gambling and drink. Then he tried the grocery business at Blue Ridge, but he spent most of his time day and night at Indianapolis drinking and gambling. Following a western trip he made he came home "dead broke."

Then they lived for a time in a tent on Flat Rock near Moscow and later in a small house in that town. During most of this time Mrs. Owen said she helped to make the living by cooking for campers along the river and by taking in washings. She said her husband spent most of the time fishing and making trips to St. Paul to get whiskey.

Then the scene shifted to Shelbyville and the husband tried bartending and working in a factory, but all his money went for drink, which he kept always at the house. The wife said she had to work to support herself and the child and that she even had to help pay the rent. She said her parents and her brother aided her by bringing her vegetables and other products of the farm. She stated that her husband bought her nothing during the last four years of their married life with the exception of a pair or two of stockings.

### Hung by an Expert.

The box car nomad wiped the last lingering pie crumbs from his lips with a grimy coat sleeve and dragged his reluctant feet over to where the scythe was. His whole nature revolted against touching the thing, but he had his part of the contract to fulfill. Besides, the farmer was watching. With the scythe in his hands he advanced cautiously toward the battle array of iron weeds in the fence corner and made three or four half hearted swipes at them.

Then he rested the hated blade on the ground and called to the farmer.

"Say, boss, this scythe ain't hung right."

"Well," was the retort "hang it to suit yourself."

Whereupon the hobo hung it upon a convenient sapling and departed hastily in the direction of the railroad track.—Brooklyn Eagle.

### Piling It On.

"Thompson's cow got into my garden and ate all the grass off the lawn."

"What did he do?"

"Sent me a bill for using his cow as a lawn mower."

Smoked Ham 17c, and skinned smoked Shoulder 13½c. at Kramers Meat Market. 194tf

Mrs. Austin's famous pancakes make a really delicious, wholesome breakfast.



MAKE YOUR NEW YEAR RESOLUTION TO

## Save at Least a Little Every Pay Day

Open Your Savings Account With Us Now  
And Receive 6% Interest. Why Take Less

### Building Ass'n No. 10

Office With Farmer's Trust Co.

## THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

Published Daily except Sunday by The Republican Company  
Office in Republican Building, Northwest Corner Second and Perkins Streets.

Entered as second-class matter March 22, 1904, at the postoffice at Rushville, Indiana, under the act of Congress of March 8, 1897.

One week, delivered by carrier.....10  
One year in the city by carrier.....\$4.00  
One year delivered by mail.....\$3.00

J. FEUDNER, Editor.  
ROY E. HARROLD, News Editor. ALLEN C. HINER, City Editor.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Saturday, January 4, 1913.

### Good Roads Legislation.

It is reported that there is much opposition in the rural communities to the proposed measure for good road legislation which will be presented to the legislature. As planned the law will revolutionize the system of making, and overseeing the repair of roads.

The law would do away with road supervisors. This is one of the faults which farmers have to find with it. The law would also make all road taxes payable in cash. This also is a fault in the eyes of the farmer because he works out his road taxes.

Some farmers are sincere in working out their taxes but there are some laggards. They will manage to get hold of their road tax receipt for very little work done on the roads. This is cheating the commonwealth. Those who pay road taxes in cash are assessed their proportionate amount, but the farmer who does not do his share in work is not helping toward the upkeep of the highways as his city brother is. And, too, it is he who uses the roads most.

The fault with the present methods is not so great in this respect as it is in the care of highways. Supervisors work when they please and as they please. There is no directing head as in other departments of the county's executive force.

The best authorities on good highways are united in their opinion that the road drag is the best implement known to keep the surface of a road smooth and level and free from all bothersome holes. But the use of the road drag in Rush county is an uncommon thing. There are a few stray cases where a road drag is used to advantage and its wonderful work has been displayed by the condition of the road in every instance. Two or three instances could be cited.

There are some road supervisors extant who will not take up with a new method merely because it is new. They have no faith in the new. They would retain that which their forefathers found useful and let well enough alone. Such a rule works well in some cases, but surely not in the upkeep of roads. This is primarily an age of experts. Road experts have proved beyond any reasonable doubt that a farmer can make a larger per cent. on his investment with good roads to and from his market place than he can if the highways are rough and muddy at certain seasons of the year.

There is known to be a case in Rush county where a supervisor has been asked to drag his stretch of road and keep it in good condition. He has turned down all overtures. He will not heed advice. Finally, disgusted and willing to make any offer than see the road go to rack and ruin, a farmer who has to travel over that road every time he comes to Rushville agreed to furnish the teams and men to drag the road free of charge if the supervisor would permit it. The supervisor wouldn't listen to plan. Such road supervisors are not needed in the present scheme.

The proposed legislation provides for a State road commissioner who would direct the work of building and keeping roads in repair. Men under the commissioner would have to look to him for orders, as well as report to him what work they did not do. This would lend a system, which is

most certainly lacking under the present scheme.

Col Bryan insists that Woodrow Wilson shall pledge himself to be satisfied with a single presidential term. In preparing this pledge great care should be taken to avoid weasel words.

The parcel post is about to render the small package a familiar object in the 60,000 post offices of the United States. It makes Europe smile to hear this called an experiment.

Edison continues to promise the talking motion picture. But Edison's old way was to introduce a new invention by showing it at work.

Ring in another year of plenty of work at good wages. It keeps people busy, and that is a good start to be happy.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Editorialettes  
\*\*\*\*\*

"Newspaper is growing better," says a headline in the Courier. That must be the zero in excitement.

### I Too Many Beans.

News note: The notorious Tom Bean of Mt. Vernon has been sued for divorce by his wife, Annie Bean.

The Suffragists are going to walk to the Inauguration, but they can't be maintaining any discipline or their husbands would have to go along too.

Virginia may have produced eight presidents, but until it turns out more ball players it will not occupy the highest niche of glory.

The Kokomo Tribune is the boy who took the "e" out of commission. This form of government, says the Tribune, is expected to replace the present omission form so much in vogue now.

If Greensburg has anymore at home like those, it can keep 'em there.

When the women select a hat, they are afraid someone else will get one like it. When the men select one, they are afraid someone else won't have one like it.

One expects the dressmakers to charge high prices, but when they figure the street number of their establishment into the total of their bill, it seems like going too far.

Recent developments indicate that Sylvia wasn't much of a Gard at that.

### A New Wrinkle.

News Item—An old brief, which has been handed down by our forefathers, that asbestos will not burn, was proved a rank falsehood this morning when the asbestos on the lead pipe of Dr. Coleman's furnace DID burn. This is a discovery which is worthy of mention in this Column.

People who have been in the habit of sitting up all night watching their furnace will probably renew the vigil.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

### Sam Sanderson Says:



That whiskey improves with age, and the longer it is allowed to grow older the better it is for everybody.

\*\*\*\*\*  
What Our Neighbors  
Are Talking About  
\*\*\*\*\*  
BLISS AT ARMAGEDDON.

(From the Sacramento Union.)  
"Now fire," they cried, "this Perkins! Now fire him!" loud they yelled; but Teddy stoutly took the floor and up his hand he held. "We must not fire this Perkins," he roared, his teeth a-show, "for while we battle for the Lord we'll always need his dough."

Of the field of Armageddon is strewn with saintly dead, and the rills of Armageddon run a ghastly, gory red, and the day of Armageddon now has faded into night, but the Lord of Hosts is with us, for Perkins' dough's all right.

"Fire Perkins!" Garfield shouted. "You, fire him!" Pinchot cried, but Teddy faltered not a bit as he their stress defied. "Right well I know his record," he muttered, "isn't slow, but Christian soldiers have to eat, and so they'll need his dough."

And so, though Armageddon is shot quite full of holes, there's bliss at Armageddon, whence a "Hallelujah!" rolls, and they're dosing Christian soldiers just to make them fit for sight, since the Lord of Hosts is with them and Perkins' dough's all right.

## TOWNSHIPS EACH GET A GOOD SUM

County Auditor Distributes Apportioned Amounts of 1911 Taxes Collected in 1912.

### RUSHVILLE RECEIVES MOST

The retiring county auditor has distributed the apportioned amounts, due the townships and school corporations, of the 1911 taxes collected in 1912.

The distribution included the township tax, tuition tax, special school tax, road tax, corporation tax, library tax, water and light tax and street and alley tax.

The net amount paid each division in the county is as follows:

Carthage corporation, \$2,011.96; Carthage school board, \$2,327.07; Ripley township, \$4,147.45; Posey township, \$5,806.81; Walter township, \$7,275.42; Orange township, \$3,836.73; Anderson township, \$6,515.92; Rushville township, \$5,106.99; Jackson township, \$2,412.67; Center township, \$3,837.16; Washington township, \$3,737.21; Glenwood corporation, \$317.16; Union township, \$3,671.95; Noble township, \$4,671.95; Richland township, \$3,255.55; Rushville school city, \$13,206.51; Rushville city, \$13,318.83.

Cut Rate Department Store, Dry Goods, Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, John Jackson, Masonic Block, North Main. 255t3.

Cut Rate Department Store, Dry Goods, Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, John Jackson, Masonic Block, North Main. 255t3.

Cut Rate Department Store, Dry Goods, Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, John Jackson, Masonic Block, North Main. 255t3.

LOST—Thursday—Gold breast pin with coral head setting. Mrs. Sarah Guffin. Reward. 255t3.

Spot cash for Walnut trees, logs and lumber. H. A. McCowen & Co., Salem, Ind. DTues&Sat4w.

## DISCOVERY IS NOTHING NEW

American Medical Society is Skeptical in Regards to Friedmann Treatment for Consumption.

### WAITING FOR FURTHER PROOF

Double Its Merit Because it is Secret—Not According to Ethical Standard of Profession.

The Friedmann treatment for consumption has recently been announced in a most sensational way, through the newspapers of an American newspaper syndicate. According to the Journal of the American Medical Association this method of treatment does not appear to be based on any new principle.

It represents simply another effort to utilize for curative and preventive purposes the antigenic substances in the tubercle bacillus, without at the same time introducing any toxic or harmful substances. In order to secure this effect, living bacilli, devoid of virulence, so it is asserted, are injected deep into the muscles. These bacilli are said to be derived from the turtle, but the method by which they are rendered harmless is withheld. This secrecy is not in accord with the ethical standard of scientific medicine. The report as to the results of the practical use of this carefully-guarded secret shows, first, that in the experiments on guinea pigs complete protection has not been obtained. Furthermore, there are no indications that it has been possible to cure tuberculous guinea pigs by this method. The treatment consequently lacks an experimental basis. A really and promptly effective cure for tuberculosis should cure tuberculosis in guinea pigs and other animals. The injection so far made by Friedmann in children seem to indicate that the fluid injected is harmless in children and that is all.

We have no evidence that the injections will prevent tuberculosis in children, and from the nature of the case it will be exceedingly difficult to determine what the effect of such injections really is. The alleged curative effects do not seem to be any more pronounced and definite than those obtained with the various forms of tuberculin when properly used. Besides, the use of this fluid is probably not without danger. In view of these considerations, says the Journal, there is not sufficient warrant for any other attitude toward Friedmann's treatment of tuberculosis than one of critical neutrality and judicious skepticism. It concerns secret procedure without adequate experimental basis and without any better results to its credit than produced by tuberculin properly used.

## AN IDEAL PIKE IS COMPLETED

Seht Moor Road in Rushville Township is Built in Eight Weeks.

### GRADE IS UNUSUALLY WIDE

S. H. Colter & Son have completed the Seth Moor road in Rushville township and it is the one ideal pike in the county, says the Milroy Press. The road is one mile, three hundred thirty feet long and every foot is as smooth as it is possible to make a road bed. The grade is extra wide, with deep, and well drained side ditches which gives the road a fine appearance. Colters built this road in just a few days more than eight weeks. The stone was shipped from St. Paul to Bennett's Crossing where a switch was placed by the Big Four as an unloading place and the stone hauled from there in wagons to the pike.

Smoke FAIR PROMISE 5c Cigars

## CORN GROWERS TO MEET JAN. 15

Association Will Hold Annual Session at Purdue University Middle of Month.

### NOTED SPEAKERS SECURED

One Feature Will be Illustrated Address by Prof. O. J. Kern of Illinois.

The betterment of country life through the improvement of the soil, the school and the home will occupy the attention of Indiana Corn Growers' at the annual meeting to be held at Purdue University at Lafayette, January 15th, 1913. The Association has a membership of more than 1400 and it is felt that one of the largest meetings in the history of the Association will be held this year.

Dr. Cyril G. Hopkins, the noted soil authority of Illinois, will discuss the Maintenance of Permanent Soil Fertility. Dr. Hopkins has gained a national reputation through his advocacy of methods for a permanent agriculture. He has done more than any other man to direct the attention of farmers throughout the middle west to the solution of soil problems and to cite a way to maintain the productive power of soils. Every farmer should aim to hear the address on soil fertility which will be full of sound, practical ideas.

To discuss the home and the school, Prof. O. J. Kern of Winnebago county, Illinois, has been secured. This address will be illustrated and the people can see just what has been done to give the country boys and girls as great an opportunity as those in the city.

Farmers interested in the Agricultural movement now on in this state should plan to attend Purdue, January 13th to 18th, 1913.

### BOOM FOR DUDLEY.

Muncie Press: William Dudley Foulke objects to the order of the progressive state committee that city tickets shall be put out in every Indiana municipality. The order ought to be enforced and William Dudley made the nominee for mayor of Richmond. It is time the people should know how many constituents B. Dud really represents.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

## AUCTIONEERS

### MILLER & VANDERBECK

When you want first class class auctioneering service  
Call Phone 4-06, 2L and 2S Rings, or See Glen Miller

## There Will Come a Time When You Will

### Use Clark's Purity Flour

So Why Not Begin the New Year By Ordering a Sack From Your Grocer.

If Flour Could Be Made Any Better,  
Clark's Purity Would Be Made Better

### FOR THE YEAR 1913.

We Offer Our Services as Designers and Executors of  
**MONUMENTAL WORK**  
Which Has Merited for Us a Nation Wide Reputation.  
Lately Installed Up-To-Date Machinery and No Agent Fees  
Places us in a position to operate under the lowest overhead expense of any firm in this section and to quote you a price on your monumental work as near first cost as is possible.

We are not quarry owners, (as this distinction belongs alone to Jones Bros. Co., of Boston) but we do manufacture our specialties

**MONTELLO — MILLSTONE — GRANITES**

**J. B. SCHRICHTE SONS**

ESTABLISHED 1859.

117 - 121 South Main-Street.

Rushville, Indiana.



## However small

the transactions of depositors with this bank, our officers are always willing to give considerate attention to their inquiries, and advise with them concerning their financial interests.

Having the responsibility of investing the bank's large resources safely, the officers of this bank are in position to give counsel to those who are perplexed or undecided as to the safest avenues of investment.

Come and lay your proposition before us.

### The Rush County National Bank

Rushville, Indiana

Capital \$100,000

Surplus, \$100,000

L. LINK, President,

W. E. HAVENS, Vice President

L. M. SEXTON, Cashier.

### Personal Points

—Miss Iva Beam of Indianapolis is visiting Miss Pauline Gosnell.

—Walter Kelley of Indianapolis visited friends here last night and today.

—James Wagoner and son Charles of Marshall county are visiting relatives in this city.

—Miss Lena McCormick of Flora, Ind., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ruff at Glenwood.

—Miss Pearl Kelly went to Lebanon this morning for a visit with friends and relatives.

—Mrs. John Scott and sons, Walton and John Jr., of Indianapolis are the guests of Mrs. Mary Walton.

—William Meyer has gone to Indianapolis for a visit with friends, and from there he will go to Frankfort for a stay.

## TONIGHT

### "Squatter's Rights"

Rex Drama



### "The Love Test"

(Imp Drama)

## Palace Theatre

## PRINCESS

### "Faithful Unto Death"

A Great Spectacular Drama—VITAGRAPH

### "Just Maine Folks"

A Good Comedy Drama—LUBIN

## MONDAY

### "Her Bitter Lesson"

A Powerful Drama—SELIG

### "Fixing a Flirt"

Some Comedy—LUBIN

5c Admission 5c

### Local News

Mrs. Sarah Ball of North Jackson street, who has been sick since last Monday is slowly improving.

A dance will be held in the Modern Woodmen hall tomorrow evening. It will be given by Parker and Piper of Connersville.

Mrs. Noble Bassett, of near Morristown, underwent an operation yesterday morning in the Dr. Chase Sexton hospital for the removal of a tumor on the breast.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gallimore have moved from the A. J. Gates farm near Bradton to this city. Mr. Gallimore is still badly disabled from recent injuries in a runaway but is gradually improving.

George T. Moore of Arlington, Republican candidate for clerk of the circuit court at the last election, has moved with his family to Rushville and will be at home at 625 West Ninth street. He has accepted a position in the office of Reynolds & Clifford's.

In the case of Hamilton-Harris Co., against W. E. Wallace and Leven Wallace, on an account, demanding \$14, Squire Kratzer found for the defendants. The case was the outgrowth of the plaintiff company installing a cigar vending machine in the Windsor hotel when the Wallaces managed the place.

Fearing that an article in the Daily Republican yesterday would be misunderstood, County Auditor Holden asks that it be stated that pictures of Beveridge and Fairbanks, former United States senators, were removed from the wall of the auditor's office before he took office and that he had nothing whatever to do with taking them down.

### Amusements

The Princess offers a spectacular Vitagraph drama, "Faithful Unto Death" for the first picture tonight. The picture tells a thrilling story and is shown in a sensational manner. The other picture is a Lubin comedy "Just Maine Folks."

The Palace will show a Rex Western picture "Squatter's Rights" for the first film tonight. The second is an Imp drama, "The Love Test." Both are said to be exceptionally good pictures.

"Robin Hood," the American light opera classic by Reginald De Koven and Harry B. Smith, which was sung more than 4,000 times by the Bostonians alone and more than 10,000 times in this country, will be the attraction at English's Opera House, Indianapolis, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 6, 7 and 8. In every way the revival of this opera by the De Koven Opera company is a notable one. The management of the Metropolitan Opera House company, New York, has loaned the services of two of its great stars, and England, too, has contributed to the cast. From the Metropolitan cast are Besie Abbott, soprano, and Herbert Waterous, basso. Walter Hyde, the tenor, has for four seasons been the star of Covent Garden, London. Others to be seen in "Robin Hood" are Carl Gantvoort, an Ohioan, late of the Boston Opera company, of which he was the principal baritone; George B. Frothingham, the original Friar Tuck, which role he has played nearly 5,000 times; Edwin Stevens, Pauline Hall, Sylvia Van Dyck, Frank V. Pollock, Louise Le Baron, Phillip Sheffield, Anna Bussert, and Dorothy Arthur.

### MARRIED IN 12 DAYS.

Mrs. Margaret Whittaker, who obtained a divorce from her husband, J. Donald Whittaker, in the circuit court December 19, was married the last day of the year 1912 in the clerks' office to Horace D. Farlow of Moscow, and the couple now resides in West First street.

### GETS IN DIVORCE CASE.

T. M. Offutt reports that he has been retained by the defense in a big divorce suit at New Orleans in which prominent people are the principals. Mr. Offutt says the defendant is a noted college professor.

### Society News

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Miller entertained at New Years dinner, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Stuttle of Lafayette.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Meyer had as their New Year's day guest, Charles Moore of North Dakota, who has been visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Miller will entertain for dinner tomorrow Mr. and Mrs. Earl Winship and daughter, Mary Elizabeth, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Winship and Mr. and Mrs. Tom Miller and son P. A. Jr.

There will be no regular meeting of the Ladies Musical Monday, but a guest day meeting will be held with Mrs. A. L. Aldridge Monday, January 20, two weeks hence, when a program of two piano music will be given.

Mr. and Mrs. Omer Pierson entertained at dinner yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Will Cole of Raleigh, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Miles of Falmouth, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Nixon of Jackson township, Mrs. Jane Nixon and J. Samuel Nixon of Fairview.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruby Davis, who were married at Rising Sun New Year's day, have come to Rushville after a brief visit in Cincinnati and Union City. Concerning their wedding the Rising Sun Recorder says: Miss Marguerite Abbott of Lawrenceburg, and Mr. Ruby Davis of Rushville, Ind., were quietly married at the home of Lucian Harris Wednesday afternoon by Rev. W. H. McDowell. The bride has been visiting Mrs. Harris for several weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Davis immediately for Union City, Ind., for a short visit with his parents, after which they will be at home in Rushville.

### IS THIS A CHALLENGE?

Connersville Examiner: Rose Brock, Rushville's Western Union operator and champion long distance walker among the fair sex of Rush county, and Pauline Felts, who recently walked from Rushville to Indianapolis, might find two worthy contestants in Madge Kennedy and Jessie Snyder, who walked to Brookville yesterday for the championship of Rush and Fayette counties.

### FOR SALE

Best Michigan Salt, \$1.20 per barrel. C. W. Hinkle & Co. 174tt

## January Wall Paper Sale

Remnants at One-Half Price

If You Are Looking For Bargains We Have Them

F. B. Johnson & Co.

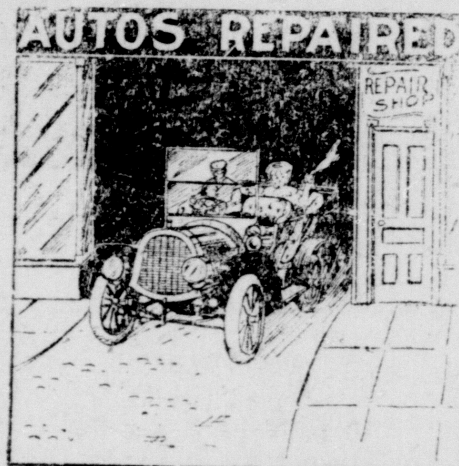
Drugs, Wall Paper, Paints and Window Shades  
Free Delivery Fine Picture Framing a Specialty Phone 1408

### WHAT'S THE USE OF WORRYING OVER YOUR SMALL BILLS

Get the money of me and pay them. You will then have but one place to pay each month or week and have the rest of your money to use. We have been helping your friends and neighbors the last 10 years, but you didn't know it, because we conduct our business in a strictly confidential manner. Now, let us help you and they will not know it. We will accommodate you today with any amount from \$5 up. Courteous treatment and a square deal is our policy. Do not hesitate to call if you own personal property and have a way to repay the loan.

WALTER E. SMITH,

Phone 1318. Rooms 1 and 2. Rushville National Bank Bldg.



### AND STORED

Our rates for auto repairing are very reasonable considering the high grade of workmanship and promptness with which we do repairing. If your automobile needs putting in good condition, you will find that no one can do it better or cheaper than

WILLIAM E. BOWEN  
Phone 1364.

### COL. WM. FLANNAGAN LIVE STOCK AUCTIONEER

Large Sale Tent Furnished in Case of Bad Weather.

Write or Call for Sale Dates, Connersville, Indiana

## We Have Just Received New Norway Mackerel New Cod Fish and Herring

Direct From the Fish Packers

FRED COCHRAN, Grocer

105 W. First

Phone 3293

## The Close of the Year 1912 Finds Us Easy Winners in the Storm Buggy Game

The vehicle buyers of Rush and adjoining counties have patronized us so extensively during the last year that we wish to thank them for their patronage and to assure them that the year of 1913 will find us still handling the most up-to-date line of guaranteed vehicles in Rush County. To those who are not familiar with our method of doing business we wish to say that every vehicle we sell is guaranteed to be right and we stand by that guarantee. To our old customers that know our methods of business we can only say that we will continue our past policies during the year of 1913 and we want you to call and see us.

If you are not already one of our satisfied customers, we want you to be and extend an invitation to join them and buy your buggies from the place that makes you satisfied with your purchase.

Will Spivey, at O'neal Bros.

## Men--Be a Good Fellow to Your Toes Be Reasonable in Selecting Your Shoes

Give your five toes room for five toes. House them in a pair of shoes stamped Cox. Then you will understand why so many people buy our shoes instead of others. It is not the price alone that makes the better shoe, but better fit, better looks, better service, with the better price. You can buy shoes anywhere, but Cox's shoes can be bought only at Cox's shoe store. It's even a better shoe than you are now wearing even if it is a shoe you are satisfied with. Try a pair of them.

Ben A. Cox, The Shoe Man



## It's Funny

How minds will differ. It would be absolutely impractical to pave the city with gold bricks, is the statement a friend of mine made to me and he gave this reason:

Hoboes from all over the country would come here and extract them as they needed them and it would keep our streets torn up almost all the time.

What method do you think could be devised to remedy this condition?

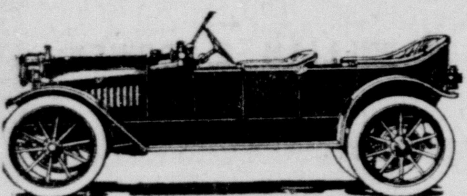
I am open for suggestions.

## Betker's Shop

It's the Man Who Knows  
That Wears My Clothes.

WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

## Hupmobile



THE BEST CAR IN THE  
WORLD

In it's Class

CHARLEY CALDWELL,  
Phones 1473 or 1175.

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J. W. GARTIN, Auctioneer.  
Not the best but will do in a pinch. Satisfaction guaranteed.  
Phone 3330. R. R. 10, Rushville, Ind.  
\*\*\*\*\*

EYE, EAR, NOSE  
AND THROAT.

GLASSES FURNISHED.



DR. F. G. HACKLEMAN

DR. J. B. KINSINGER  
Osteopathic Physician

Office in Kramer Building, Rushville, Ind. Outside calls answered and treatment given in the home.

Office hours—8:30 to 11:30 a. m.,  
1:30 to 4:30 p. m.

Phones—Office, 1587; residence,  
1281.

Consultation at office free.

THE BEST WAY  
TO BEGIN THE  
NEW YEAR

Sit down and sum up your bills, putting those of the butcher, grocer, rent man, insurance agent, etc., etc., all in one amount, then come and see us and give us an opportunity to explain our plan for relieving your financial pains.

We loan on furniture, pianos, teams, etc., giving you weekly, monthly or quarterly payments, in which way you do not miss the money.

If in need of money, fill out this blank and mail to us. Phone 1545

Your Name.....

Address.....

Richmond Loan Co.

Colonial Building, Room 8  
Richmond, Ind.

He Comes Up  
Smiling

By  
Charles  
Sherman



## CHAPTER VII.

## Watermelon Yields.

Eager to accomplish the plan he had suddenly conceived, the Watermelon turned and strolled back to Billy, while the boy gazed after such majesty in awed admiration.

"Who was it?" asked Billy, looking up as the Watermelon approached.

"The telegraph clerk," said the Watermelon calmly. "A telegram—and he brought it to me."

He made no motion to sit down and Billy rose.

"I suppose you have to go back," said she. She had to throw back her head to see into his face, for the top of her beflowered hat only reached his shoulder.

"No," said the Watermelon, preparing the way for the future. "I could take a few days off, if I wanted to. Come on. I might as well try and save the remains of my car after the general has done his best to ruin it. I heard him go into the garage as we got out of sight. The general is more expensive than a motor-car."

"I like the general," said Billy, as they started slowly back.

"I suppose he has been like a grandfather to you," said the Watermelon, glancing down at the top of the big hat. "Don't you want me for a relative of some kind?"

"You said relatives were afflictions," observed Billy.

"I know; but it is only through our afflictions that we can rise to higher things."

"What higher things?"

"Why, Heaven, as I described it last."

They found the general with Henrietta and Bartlett in the garage. The general was kindly superintending the filling of the absent Batchelor's car with gasoline. Bartlett was expounding the merits of his make of car as superior to any other make, while Henrietta sat on the step of the general's car and pretended to be listening.

"I took the liberty," apologized the general, as the other two appeared in the doorway, feeling, on the contrary, that he was doing the young man an inestimable favor.

"Go ahead," said the Watermelon.

"Draw the line somewhere," advised Henrietta. "Father is too fond of trying to see what makes the wheels go round to give him carte blanche with any car."

"I understand a car thoroughly,"

observed Billy.

"The papers lie faster than I can,"

observed Billy.

"I have always been fond of mechanics."

"I know it, dear," said Henrietta with contrition. "I have always said that if you hadn't been a general, you would have been a master mechanic."

"Thank God, he's a general," whispered the Watermelon into the small ear of Billy.

"To thoroughly appreciate a car you should take a trip of a week or two," said Bartlett.

Assured that Alphonse was attending to the gasoline, the general withdrew his invaluable supervision and turned to the others.

"We spent a week in the car last summer, and we intended to do it again this year, but have somehow put it off."

"It's perfectly delightful," said Henrietta. "You wonder how you ever tolerated a train."

"It is tramping idealized," declared Bartlett.

"It's dandy," cried Billy. "Daddy, do you remember that time we went from Maine straight down the coast to Maryland?"

The general turned to the Watermelon. "I suppose you have grown tired of it," said he, "a young unmarried man can go when and where he wants."

"Oh, I've been around some," admitted the Watermelon modestly. "But never in a car."

"You should try it, my dear sir," said Bartlett. "Upon my word, you have no idea how fascinating it is."

"I never owned a car."

"You do now," laughed Henrietta. "Now's your chance."

"I've no one to go with," replied the Watermelon innocently, smiling down at Henrietta on the car step and not looking at Bartlett.

Henrietta laughed and threw out one of her delicate, graceful hands with a little gesture that embraced the whole group. "You have all of us now," said she. "We have made you one of us."

"You can take us all," laughed Billy.

"A week," said Bartlett tentatively, "in the country, away from telegrams and letters and papers, it would do me a vast amount of good. I have been overworking lately." He nodded gravely, in confirmation of his own remark.

"I would like to drop everything, now, this minute, crank up the car and start, no matter where, any place, any road. You don't need clothes. The lighter you travel, the better. You can put up anywhere you happen to be for the night, and if you get lost it does not matter, merely adds to the fun and affords an adventure."

"It sounds alluring," said Henrietta. "Suppose we all go, just as we are!"

"We could," cried Billy. "Why, dad, we could do it easily. I have that linen dress I wore yesterday, and my brush and comb and things, and you have yours."

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(Advertisement.)

## That Bad Cold

Vapor Treatment Surely Does Clean  
Out that Stuffed up Head.

Don't try and break up a cold with dangerous stomach disturbing drugs. Get directly to the inflamed membrane by breathing HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-me). Get a bottle for 50 cents at F. B. Johnson and Company and try this rapid and economical treatment that thousands are using.

Into a bowl of boiling water pour a teaspoonful of HYOMEI, cover head and bowl with a towel, and breathe deep into the lungs the healing vapor that arises.

Breathe this vapor for five or ten minutes until the head feels fine and clear, then go to bed and sleep soundly until morning. No cocaine or opium or harmful drugs in HYOMEI. It is made of Australian Eucalyptus and other antiseptics. It is guaranteed to end catarrh, or money back.

(Advertisement.)

## FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR Compound

F. B. JOHNSON & COMPANY

"But the general and Henrietta," objected Bartlett. "They only ran up here for the day, my dear. They may not have anything."

"Yes, we have," cried Henrietta. "We planned to stay a week or two and sent a trunk along. We could easily pack a suit case."

"Oh!" exclaimed Billy. "Do let's do it."

"I noticed a suit case in your car, Batchelor," Bartlett turned to the Watermelon, genially. "I judge you are planning to take a few days' jaunt somewhere."

"I was thinking of it," acknowledged the Watermelon, with truth, lounging gracefully in the doorway.

Bartlett laughed. "We are crazy, all of us," said he and waved the suggestion aside as a whimsical fancy best forgotten.

"Oh, daddy, please," teased Billy.

"But, Billy, child, the others don't want to do it, the general or Batchelor."

"I want to," said Henrietta, "and so does the general, Father, wouldn't you like to take a trip in the car somewhere for a week or two?"

The general's attention had wandered back to the car. He turned abstractedly. "Do what, Henrietta?"

"Take a trip in the car for a week or two."

"Yes, we must plan one later, as we did last summer."

"But we mean now, father, start right now."

"Now? Henrietta, you're foolish, my dear."

"No, indeed, father. Why not now? 'Do it now' is your favorite motto, you know."

"It is impossible," and the general, also, dismissed the subject.

Bartlett thrust his hands in his pockets and appeared absorbed in his car. He knew Billy.

"Why, impossible?" asked Billy, laying a small hand on the general's arm.

"You were going to spend a week here. Why not spend it in your car? You have no engagement, have you?"

"No," said the general, smiling into her pretty face. "But what about clothes?"

"Clothes," laughed Billy, "why, clothes—"

"Be hanged," said the Watermelon. Bartlett laughed. "Quite so. Wash out on the line, general. Better come."

"Pretend the Indians have risen," said Henrietta. "and you are given an hour to get into marching order."

"Ah, yes," cried the eager Billy, patting the arm she clung to. "You used to do it, general, why, in half an hour, out on the plains."

"What do you know about it, puss?" asked the general.

"Didn't you?" pleaded Billy.

"Yes," said the general, who always gave in to a pretty woman. "I used to. In these days we were always ready for a fight."

"So you will go? I knew you would."

"But Mr. Batchelor may have to return to the city," suggested Henrietta, glancing at the Watermelon.

Bartlett shot a glance at the young man and began to whistle softly through his teeth as he indifferently raised the bonnet of his car and examined the clean, well-ordered machinery within. Would Billy's charms be enough to hold the young man against his better judgment? Could he forget what the next week meant for him, forget the lure of the street, the rise and fall of stocks, in the light of a woman's eyes, in the sound of a woman's laugh? If Billy could not keep him, what could? He must be kept. A week with him out of the way, the ring could be renewed, strengthened, that which was lost, regained. Bartlett bent low over his car, but he heard Billy, sweetly speaking to the Watermelon.

"You don't have to return to the city, do you? You would much rather go with us, wouldn't you?"

"Can't you join us, Batchelor?" asked the general. "You've made enough for one while. When you run out of

palms of his hands wet as he rubbed them on his handkerchief.

"We will start tonight," said Billy. "It will be beautiful. In the night, driving is perfectly lovely, you know, Mr. Batchelor."

"Better come," advised the general. "We can keep in touch with the telegraph. It's not as if we were going into the wilds of Africa."

"No, indeed," said Bartlett. "I have interests in New York, myself, that I want to keep an eye on."

Billy laid her hand on his arm. "Won't you come?" she teased.

The Watermelon looked down, under the brim of her hat, into the gray-green eyes and smiled.

"Yes," he said simply. "I would like to."

To be continued.

A mean stuffy cold, with hoarse wheezy breathing is just the kind that runs into bronchitis or pneumonia. Don't trifle with such serious conditions but take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound promptly.

Quick and beneficial results are just what you can expect from this great medicine. It soothes and heals the inflamed air passages. It stops the hoarse racking cough. F. B. Johnson and Company.

(Advertisement.)

CANNIBALS FATTENED HIM.

Correspondent Says He Discovered Fiendish Purpose and Fled.

Guy de Villepion, a former teacher at a San Francisco academy, who arrived recently from the west coast of South America, told a tale of having been fattened for a feast by cannibals while trying to cross from Ciudad to Buenos Aires. He escaped after many adventures and found his way to Calcutta.

"They were a strange people," he said, "and appeared to be half man and half ape. I have no doubt that they meant to eat me. I was mystified by all their kindness until I saw that it was all directed to the one end of getting me fat. Then I thought I had better leave, and I did."

De Villepion was a newspaper correspondent during the Russian-Japanese war.

Pushed Jail Wall Out.

John Red Horse, a half breed, charged with stealing a horse, broke out of the Tolley (N. D.) jail, and officials have been unable to find him. Red Horse practically removed one entire side of the jail in escaping.

Take the "direct road" to health and strength by using Foley Kidney Pills for backache, rheumatism, weak sore kidneys and bladder irregularities. Each ingredient is chosen for its positive healing and curative qualities. Foley Kidney Pills are the best medicine you can buy for kidney and bladder troubles. Mrs. J. M. Findley, Lyons, Ga., says: "I took Foley Kidney Pills and they entirely cured me." F. B. Johnson and Co.

(Advertisement.)

The Wasted Witticism.

"I always thought," said the hostess, "that Scotchmen were humorous. One night I showed a departing Scotch guest a great pile of overcoats in the dressing room."

"Here," I said, with a wave of my hand, 'you are the first to leave. Take your choice.'"

"Thank you," said he as he fumbled searchingly among them; 'I'll have me own.'—Exchange.

Escaped After Fifteen Years.

W. P. Broyles made a successful escape after fifteen years of suffering from kidney and bladder troubles. Foley Kidney Pills released him and will do just the same for others. He says: "They cured a most severe backache with painful bladder irregularities, and they do all you claim for them. Refuse substitutes. F. B. Johnson and Company."

(Advertisement.)

Cut the High Cost of Living.

W. H. Chapman, Winnebago, Neb., tells how he did it. "My two children had a very bad cough and the doctor's medicines did them no good. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and before it was all used the children were free and cured of their cough. I saved a doctor's bill for one 25c bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound." No opiates. F. B. Johnson and Co.

(Advertisement.)

Superscience.

Modern science is that practical knowledge of truth that urges us to feel an oyster's pulse and look at its tongue before we eat it.—Galveston News.

The charity that hastens to proclaim its good deeds ceases to be charity and is only pride and ostentation.—Hutton

PLANS MADE FOR HIGHWAY  
FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.

National Road Engages Interest of Big  
Cities and States.

Interest in the proposed national road highway from ocean to ocean is said to be increasing at a rapid rate throughout the middle west. According to W. S. Gilbreath, temporary chairman of the movement in the absence of Carl G. Fisher, the various motor and commercial organizations of Colorado and the neighboring states are keen to have the road put through. Letters expressing enthusiasm and showing an understanding of the nature of the problems involved are being received daily at the headquarters. The writers seem confident that the success of the project is assured.

The Denver chamber of commerce in a recent letter to the temporary committee at Indianapolis set forth the desirability of the midland trail through Colorado and Utah. The letter said in part:

"When the time comes for the trail to be selected we feel confident that Colorado and Utah will be in a position to come forward and tell you not what a fine route we have or the vast amount of enthusiasm we have aroused here, but rather will be able to give you some facts and figures as to actual cash on hand which we will be prepared to put in this route and point out some advantages of the trail which we are sure will not be overlooked."

It stated further that Colorado had a fund of \$750,000 for the purpose of building roads in the state and that the road under construction for the trail would receive an appropriation of \$75,000. Commissioners of various counties had agreed, it is said, to have each appropriate \$50,000 cash to match the amount spent by the road builders in each county. The chamber of commerce added that it had a fund of \$5,000 to expend and then concluded:

"Once assure Denver that it is to have the road and we will pledge you that a donation of several times this amount will be forthcoming from the Denver Motor club and the chamber of commerce."

## TURKISH WOMEN AS NURSES.

First Time In History They Do Brave  
Work on Battlefield.

For the first time in the history of Turkey its women have done active work of mercy on the battlefield. In the lead were the sultan's wives, and they are now busy tending the sick and wounded in the lazarettos established in all public buildings, palaces and churches.

They are under the direction of the sultan's chief wife, and the kadeins, as well as the odalisques, work heroically as nurses of the Red Crescent.

The kadeins, or ladies of the palace, hold the rank of plural wives, while the odalisques are their servants. Yet they are not servants in the ordinary sense of the word, for the sultan may raise them to the state of favorites at any time the fancy seizes him.

The sultan, too, is most lavish in his contributions to the hospitals, and his private kitchens and tobacco works are working overtime to supply dainties and cigarettes for the poor soldiers.

## SUFFRAGISTS TO TRY WILSON

Little Army Will Walk to Washington  
Next In Interest of Cause.

The suffragette army, which recently undertook a march from New York to Albany for the cause, will march from New York to Washington next. The trip will be started early in February in time to reach the national capital at the inauguration of President Wilson. "General" Rosalie Jones, leader of the band of Albany bound suffragettes, so announced.

The start will be made from the Battery, and the fair marchers will carry a message from the National Association of Suffragists to President Wilson urging him to enroll in the cause and to support it in his message to congress.

How many women will be in line, where the message will be drafted, how many days the trip will require and who will lead the army are matters yet undetermined. The slogan will be "On to Washington."

## SIX INVESTIGATIONS LISTED.

January, 1913, Will Leave Big Record  
of Public Probos.

The Democratic house will have in progress in January six important investigations. They are:

Money trust.

Revision of money laws.

New Haven railway monopoly.

Beef trust.

Shipping trust.

Local fire insurance companies, which may lead to a national investigation.

When the money trust committee reconvenes Henry P. Davison, one of J. P. Morgan's partners, who told the financier when the latter was on the stand how much money he had invested in banks and other institutions, will be asked to tell what he knows of the fiscal operations of J. P. Morgan & Co.

## Haiti's New Palace.

The American minister to Haiti has forwarded a notice inviting architects and engineers to submit plans for the reconstruction of a new palace or executive residence and offices. It is the present intention to have a building costing about \$300,000. Prizes of \$500, \$250 and \$200 will be given for the best plans submitted. The competition opened Nov. 4 and will close three months later.



## SAY, GOOD FELLOW

Have you ever stopped to think that we handle  
the best lamp on the market

### THE FOSTORIA MAZDA

Voltage ranged specially for our circuits. We know how.  
3/4 for light, 1/2 for cost. Let us make you an estimate on  
wiring your house.

WE WILL DO IT RIGHT, BOTH IN  
PRICE AND WORKMANSHIP

When you think of anything in the electrical line think of the

### MAHIN ELECTRIC COMPANY

TELEPHONES: Residence, 1504, 3338, 3257.  
Office, 1109, 1585.

## 6% Tax Exempt 6%

If You Want First Class Bank or Trust Co.  
Stocks, Gravel Road or School Bonds

or Preferred Stock that net 5 1/2% to 6% and Tax Exempt.

SEE ME BEFORE THEY ARE ALL SOLD

### A. C. Brown

Office Phone 1637 Over Aldridge's Grocery Residence Phone 1296

## DAILY MARKETS

The local elevators are paying  
the following prices for grain  
today, January 4, 1913.

Wheat	95c
Corn	40c
Oats	28
Rye	55
Timothy Seed	\$1.00 to \$1.50
Clover Seed	\$7.00 to \$8.00

The following are the ruling prices  
of the Rushville market, corrected to  
date—January 4, 1913.

#### POULTRY.

Geese	9c
Spring Turkeys	15c
Turkeys	13c
Chickens	10c
Ducks	10c

#### PRODUCE

Butter	18c
Eggs	22c

**Indianapolis Grain and Live Stock.**  
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.03; No. 2 red,  
\$1.09. Corn—No. 3, 47 1/2c. Oats—No.  
2 white, 34 1/2c. Hay—Baled, \$9.00 @  
11.00; timothy, \$13.00 @ 14.00; mixed,  
\$10.00 @ 13.00. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 9.50.  
Hogs—\$5.00 @ 7.65. Sheep—\$2.00 @ 4.50.  
Lambs—\$4.00 @ 8.50. Receipts—12,000  
hogs; 1,700 cattle; 650 sheep.

#### At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.13. Corn—No.  
2, 50c. Oats—No. 2, 34 1/2c. Cattle—  
\$4.00 @ 8.50. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 7.65. Sheep  
—\$1.75 @ 4.00. Lambs—\$4.75 @ 8.25.

#### At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.12. Corn—  
No. 3, 46 1/2c. Oats—No. 2, 34 1/2c. Cat-  
tle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 9.50; stockers and  
feeders, \$4.00 @ 7.60. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 7.60.  
Sheep—\$3.25 @ 5.50. Lambs—\$6.10 @  
8.75.

#### At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.11. Corn—  
No. 2, 45c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cat-  
tle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 10.75. Hogs—\$5.25  
@ 7.75. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 5.00. Lambs—  
\$4.90 @ 7.90.

### W. W. WEDEMAYER

Michigan Congressman Threw  
Himself Over Vessel's Rail.



### IT UNHINGED HIS REASON

Political Defeat Thought to Have  
Driven Congressman to Suicide.

Washington, Jan. 4.—William W. Wedemeyer, a congressman from Michigan, committed suicide while insane by jumping overboard from a government vessel on which he was being brought from Colon to the United States.

Wedemeyer went insane while on the way to the isthmus with a congressional party at the same time the president made his last visit to the canal zone. His recent defeat for reelection is thought to have preyed on his mind to such a degree as to unhinge his reason.

### ROCKEFELLER GIVES UP THE STRUGGLE

Finally Accepts Service of Subpoena.

New York, Jan. 4.—When word was received from the chairman of the committee in Washington that John A. Garver, counsel for the millionaire, had agreed to accept service for him, the hunt for William Rockefeller in this city by deputies of the Pujo investigating committee to serve a subpoena on him in order to make him testify before the committee as to certain copper deals he had made in 1906 and 1907, came to a sudden end.

The agreement was to the effect that Mr. Rockefeller should appear before the committee on Jan. 13. Following the receipt of the message from Washington, Charles F. Riddell, sergeant-at-arms, who has had charge of the search here and at Tarrytown, called off his men who were on the watch at Mr. Rockefeller's home, and returned to Washington.

A statement from the office of Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Pujo committee, is to the effect that the committee has accepted the agreement of Mr. Rockefeller to accept service. At the same time Mr. Garver has advised Mr. Untermyer, counsel of the committee, that Mr. Rockefeller's condition of health is very precarious and that it will be impossible for him to appear as a witness at Washington or even to submit to examination at his home.

Mr. Rockefeller has been informed that now, having submitted to the jurisdiction of the committee, he must now present his excuses to the committee in due form for such action as it may deem proper. If it is established to the satisfaction of the committee that it will be impossible to secure the testimony of Mr. Rockefeller without imperiling his life, the committee would of course not feel justified in taking any such extreme action. It may, however, conclude to secure an independent opinion.

#### WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather
New York..... 32	Snow
Boston..... 42	Pt. Cloudy
Denver..... 42	Pt. Cloudy
San Francisco. 46	Clear
St. Paul..... 6	Clear
Chicago..... 28	Cloudy
Indianapolis... 28	Clear
St. Louis..... 38	Clear
New Orleans... 54	Clear
Washington... 34	Cloudy

Snow or rain.

## CASTRO FINDS A FRIEND IN NEED

Senator O'Gorman's Law Firm to the Rescue.

### A VITAL PRINCIPLE AT STAKE

The Deportation of Venezuelan Exile Will Be Resisted to Supreme Court of the United States, With a View to Settling Forever the Question of Whether Political Refugees Can Be Denied a Haven in Free America.

New York, Jan. 4.—The ex-dictator of Venezuela, Cipriano Castro, has made up his mind that he has been insulted by the government of the United States, and that honor compels him to stay here and fight for the privilege of paying us what he says is partly a social call. So the little general was not a passenger for Germany today on the Hamburg-American liner Amerika, on which he had booked passage. He will go before the United States district court on Jan. 10 and endeavor, through George Gordon Battle, to get the court to sustain a writ of habeas corpus which Judge Holt has granted.

Mr. Battle of Senator O'Gorman's law firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall had become interested in Castro's predicament, and had decided that there was no just reason for preventing the ex-dictator from making a social study of us. Therefore, Mr. Battle sent to Ellis Island Harold A. Content of his firm, who had a talk with General Castro. The general was delighted that someone had come forward to take an interest in his case. He told Mr. Content he was prepared to sail away on the Amerika today, but that if an American citizen desired to petition the courts to inquire into the justice of his deportation, he would be pleased to cancel his steamship reservation.

When Mr. Content explained the situation to Mr. Battle, the latter decided that Castro was being dealt unjustly and that it was the duty of any American citizen who believes that political refugees should not be barred from landing here, to take the fight into the courts. Mr. Battle therefore appeared before Judge Holt as the petitioner for General Castro. The attorney for the petitioner was H. Snowden Marshall, a member of the law firm. Mr. Battle acted as a citizen and Mr. Marshall appeared individually as counsel for Mr. Battle.

The writ contains the formal statement that General Castro is being detained without just reason; that he desires to land, and that neither General Castro nor his counsel believes that he comes within any of the classes that are excluded under our immigration laws. The lawyers who acted for General Castro said that the writ of habeas corpus, which is returnable before the United States district court next Friday morning, will act as a stay of all proceedings on the part of the government, and that meanwhile their understanding was that General Castro would continue to occupy his quarters on Ellis Island. If the writ is sustained on Friday, the lawyers expect that the government will appeal at once to the supreme court. If it is nullified they will appeal.

There was a pretty strong impression among those who followed the case that Senator O'Gorman has interested himself in Castro's situation as a matter of principle. Mr. Battle said that there was no question of a fee in the case and that he was proceeding as an American citizen.

### A POSTMASTER'S QUANDARY

Just what Would You Do With This Particular Package?

Boston, Jan. 4.—The receipt of a quart bottle filled with whisky by parcel post from Boston to Lynn has placed Postmaster Craig of that city in a peculiar position. He cannot send the bottle to the dead letter office, as sending whisky through the mails is taboo by the government.

The department regulations also prohibit the delivery of the bottle to the person to whom it was sent. Still other regulations forbid either the destruction of mailed matter or the keeping of liquors at a postoffice.

#### Auto Collides With Buggy.

Hammond, Ind., Jan. 4.—Two persons were probably fatally hurt and four were severely injured in an automobile accident near Lowell, when John Black, a land owner in the Kan-keke marsh, while driving an automobile, collided with a horse and carriage. John Black and Mrs. Rebecca Schneider were both hurt internally and may die; Miss Elizabeth Black and Miss Belle Rice of Momence, Ill., sustained severe bruises and strained muscles, and the latter is thought to be internally hurt.

#### Church Heads Will Meet.

South Bend, Ind., Jan. 4.—Dioceses of the Episcopal church in five middle western states will be represented by bishops in attendance at the annual retreat and conference here, Jan. 15 and 16. Thirteen bishops will attend.

#### State Treasury Replenished.

Indianapolis, Jan. 4.—The ninety-two counties in Indiana turned into the state treasury \$3,203,492.15 during the annual December settlement.

## INDIAN TRIBE IS TRAINED AS COMMUNITY OF SKILLED FARMERS

161 Winnebago Who Once Were Drunkards Are Now Thrifty Persons.

Reservation Corn Crop Is Worth \$104,950—Official Proves His Worth.

THE redemption of the Winnebago tribe in Nebraska, outlined recently in dispatches, is one of the most encouraging incidents in the administration of Indian affairs. The rehabilitation of this group of red men from a tribe of degenerate drunkards to a band of thrifty, self respecting and self supporting individuals, in the opinion of students of Indian problems, indicates what may be accomplished by patient, conscientious and intelligent effort even in an instance where the prospect appeared most unpromising.

For the reforms that have been accomplished the Indian office frankly attributes much credit to the unflagging zeal of Albert Kneale, superintendent of the Winnebago agency, who appears to be a man as distinctly fitted for his task as many of his predecessors and colleagues in the office of Indian agent or superintendent have been conspicuously unfit.

In his annual report to the Indian office recently filed Mr. Kneale gives some interesting details of the progress made by the people who are in his charge.

"The Winnebagoes are decidedly religious," he says, "and practically all are identified with some religious organization. The old time medicine lodge continues to exist, although its membership does not increase. The Mescal organization remains with us, although it is doubtful if it is as strong as it was one year ago.

#### Church and School Facilities.

"In addition to these two organizations we have the Christian churches, both Catholic and Protestant. The Catholics have a beautiful school plant and chapel at Winnebago village, the former under the management of the Sisters of the Blessed Sacrament, the latter under the management of the Rev. Father H. Greise. At this school Indians, as well as white pupils, are taken, and the work done is of the highest standard.

"The Presbyterian church in Winnebago village, under the pastorate of the Rev. R. C. Shupe, although not making a specialty of Indian work, is doing a good work among Indians. The Reformed Church of America maintains a large force of workers under the able leadership of the Rev. G. A. Watermuller.

"Noting that the Indian population is rapidly spreading out over the entire reservation, this organization is erecting a church in what is practically the center of the western end of the reservation, fifteen miles west of their home church. Their intention is to erect a home there and maintain a regularly ordained pastor. In fact, this church home is practically completed at the present writing.

#### Health Conditions Good.

"Health conditions both at the agency among the employees and throughout the reservation among the Indians continues to be good. Seventy-five per cent of the families are living in good, substantial frame houses, and for the most part these houses are kept in good condition.

"The Indians continue to show a strong desire to improve, occupy and farm their best land, and we are kept busy during the building season selecting building sites, discussing plans, letting contracts and supervising construction.

"There is only one government school upon this reservation, the Decora day school, and the attendance has been good. The census shows 250 children of school age eligible to attend school. Of this number 139 are enrolled in the government school, thirty-seven in the mission schools, forty-four in public schools, and the remaining thirty-nine are not attending any school. Many of those not in school are five and six years old.

"There are 161 Indians who are engaged in farming, handling a total crop of 11,853 acres, an average of 65.4 acres each. This acreage does not include pasture, timber or waste land. It represents simply the acreage now in crops. It is estimated that they will raise this year 203,000 bushels of corn, 20,000 bushels of oats, 3,000 bushels of wheat, 825 tons of hay, 30 tons of broom corn and 1,000 bushels of potatoes.

#### Corn Crop Worth \$104,950.

"Estimating that corn will be worth 40 cents a bushel, the total valuation of their crop this year will be \$104,950. Recently none of their corn brought them less than 50 cents, and much of it brought them as high as 60 cents.

"In last year's report I said: 'The thing of greatest importance that has occurred on this reservation during the last year is that so many Indians have taken possession of their own allotments, have improved and are farming them. In fact, this movement has been so great we have had all we could possibly do to take care of it, and what with securing relinquishments from the lessees of the land, discussing and adopting plans and specifications with

the Indians, securing proposals and letting contracts and supervising the construction, the persons having the work in hand have had all they could attend to, especially when they endeavored in addition to supervise the farm work done by 174 Indian farmers.'

#### Nine Sets of Improvements.

"In this year's report it can only be stated that the interest continues. Little that was gained last year has been lost, and additions have been made thereto. At the present moment there are nine full sets of improvements under construction.

"Edward Hatchet, a full blood, began farming last season. It was his first effort. At the beginning of the season he was \$300 in debt. At its close he had a fairly complete set of farming implements, a wagon, top buggy, harness, etc., and was free from debt, had hay and corn sufficient to last through the winter and to put in the crop this spring. This year he has moved to his own allotment and is farming on a larger scale.

"Alex Hittle, a full blood, who began farming in 1900 and who farmed about eighty acres in 1911, owns 200 acres of land several miles from the eighty that he farms. The lease expired upon this 200 acre tract last March, and he desired to renew it.

"The tract was appraised by this office at \$2.75 an acre, and when the lessee offered \$3 an acre Hittle was urged by the superintendent to complete the lease. He speaks little English, but through the interpreter he addressed the superintendent practically as follows:

"A few years ago if you had advised me to sign that lease at \$3 an acre I would have done so. I have been farming for myself for a few years, and I have learned the value of this land, because I know what it will produce and what this product will bring in the market. I know more than you do about the value of this land. If I am unable to get \$4 an acre for it I shall work it myself, in addition to the land I am already farming, and I know I can make more than \$4 an acre from it."

"It must be added that the lessee raised his offer to \$4 an acre and the land was leased. This story is related not so much to show the business acumen of this office as to show that some of these Indians are 'getting wise.'

"A corn show was held in Winnebago village last fall in connection with a farmers' institute. At this show Winnebago Indians took second and third prizes in open competition, the judges being representatives of the State university. At the Thurston county agricultural fair last fall a full blood Winnebago Indian captured a prize for the corn he exhibited.

"Mary Johns Hittle, a full blood and the wife of Alexander Hittle, made butter throughout the season and sold it in the market at Winnebago village, receiving the highest market price for her wares. Frank Boyd, another full blood, milked cows throughout the season and sent his cream to Sioux City.

"Willie Sun, a full blood, received a patent in fee for forty acres of inherited land during the season of 1911. He sold the land for \$80 an acre, \$2,000 cash and the balance payable in two notes of \$800 each at 5 per cent, secured by mortgage on the land he sold, one due in one year and the other in two years.

#### No Reason to Fear High Prices.

"I had occasion to be in his cellar last December and found there about forty bushels of potatoes, two bushels of onions, two bushels of black walnuts and more than 100 quarts of canned fruit, which had been canned by his wife, Clara Payer Sun. His barn was filled with hay and corn. He has set out an orchard and is caring for it. He has in forty acres of corn this year, and it is as good as the best in the county.

"Henry Thomas moved upon and began to farm his own allotment last season. He has a very large family and only forty acres in his allotment, but it is exceedingly fertile soil. Thomas is a very devout Christian. When he planted his corn he set aside fifty rows as 'belonging to Jesus.' He harvested this corn separately and marketed it, and something like \$90 was added to the missionary fund of the Dutch Reformed church as the result—this in addition to supporting his large family."

In the final paragraph of his report the superintendent pays his respects to the rapacious white scalawags as follows:

"Only five patents in fee have been issued during the last year, two on original allotments and three upon inherited lands. Few Indians are so constituted that they can reap any benefits as a result of patents in fee. It makes no difference how competent they may appear to be, the wolf pack that is ever upon their heels ultimately overtakes them. There may be a struggle, but it is of short duration, and the outcome is absolutely certain."

## Want Ad Department

Advertisements under this head are charged for at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Found articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

TAKEN UP—About 3 weeks ago, a black Poland China sow. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for feed and advertising bill. L. R. Bishop, R. R. 11. Phone 3422. 254110

FOR SALE—Meals 25c. Mexican Chili-con-carne, 10c. hot wafels, 10c., ham sandwich 5c. at Eagle Cafe. 125 East First street. Jas. H. Barrett, Prop. 254112.

FOR SALE—Buff Rock Roosters and Buff Rock eggs. Mrs. Alonzo Willey, Manilla, Ind., R. R. 18. 25416.

FOR SALE—Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels. Mrs. Geo. W. Thomas, 324 Perkins street. 2531f.

FOR RENT—7 room house in Tony Row. Modern conveniences. Call Mrs. Sarah Guffin. 25316.

FOR RENT—6 room house. Bath, city and cistern water; 15c. gas. 830 Main. Phone 1069. 2501f.

FOR SALE—Farm of 72 1/2 acres about one mile from traction stop 33, 5 miles east of Rushville on good road. Bargain if sold at once. Alfred Looney, Rushville, Ind. R. R. 12. 249112

FOR RENT—Modern cottage on Sexton street. See Miss Alice Norris. Phone 1125. 2481f.

FOR SALE—160 acres of land 4 1/2 miles southwest of Rushville, known as the Arthur Webb farm. 2 sets of buildings in good repair. For information see Alva Webb, R. R. 4, phone 4101, one long one short ring. 244130

FOR SALE—Two good shorthorn cows, with calves by side, ten days old. Davis Brothers. 25216.

FOR SALE—10 shares in Rushville Natural Gas Stock. Pays 8 per cent. per annum. Phone 1137. 25116.

FOR SALE—Heating Wood, J. H. Prather, 356 East 10th. 252130

MONEY TO LOAN—On Rush county real estate. Lowest rates on a quick service. Cecil L. Clark, 401 Second National Bank Building, Richmond, Ind. Long distance Phone 1291. 187Tues&Satf.

FOR SALE—Barred Rock Roosters. Mrs. John Weiss. 244112

FOR SALE—Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels. John Boyd, Phone 3105. 2451f

HOUSE FOR SALE—Seven rooms, full lot, good barn, good water, good location. Phone 3409. 227130.

FOR SALE—Hupmobile just overhauled and repainted. In first-class condition. A bargain. Bowen's Garage. 2221f.

FOR SALE—Coal Stove range in good condition. Large enough for hotel use. Call Beer's Hotel, phone 1168. 2511f.

SCRATCH PADS—4 1/2x7, for sale at the Republican office at 5c. per pound. Convenient and cheap for figuring and memorandums.

OLD PAPERS—Nice clean newspapers—5 cents a large bundle at The Daily Republican office. 2511f

WEIGH BLANKS—in book form neatly bound. For sale at the Republican Office. 2511f

WANT ADS BRING RESULTS



# MUST APPEAR IN FEDERAL COURT

Dynamite Conspirators' Bond Will Have to be Approved by Judge Anderson.

## COURT WILL PASS ON SURETY

During Trial Would Not Accept Indemnified Bonds—What His Course May be.

As a result of the granting of the writ of supersedeas to the dynamiters by the United States circuit court of appeals at Chicago, it will be for Judge Anderson, of the federal court in Indianapolis, to approve the bonds the defendants must furnish. In the progress of the trial in his court Judge Anderson announced that he would not accept indemnified bonds for the release of the prisoners at that time; that is, he would not accept bonds for the release of the prisoners signed by persons as sureties who had been indemnified as an inducement to sign the bonds.

Only Judge Anderson himself knows what his requirements will be in regard to the bonds to be furnished now by the prisoners. In the trial they offered to furnish surety company bonds, but in that case it would have been necessary for the prisoners to indemnify the companies to the amount of the bonds, and this came under Judge Anderson's ban.

Clarence W. Nichols, assistant United States district attorney, says that under the law the prisoners must be present in court in person when their bonds are approved by the court, and this will make it necessary to return them to Indianapolis from the Leavenworth prison.

Edward H. Schmidt, United States marshal, says he understands that it will be his duty to bring the prisoners back. He says he will take a number of deputies from Indianapolis as guards but that he will not take as large a number this time as he did when he took the prisoners to the prison last Monday.

# FIVE ECLIPSES ARE ON TAP FOR 1913

In Three Sun Will be Obscured and in Two Moon's Face Will be Hidden.

## FIRST ONE FALLS IN MARCH

There will be five eclipses in the year 1913—three of the sun and two of the moon. The first is a total eclipse of the moon, March 21-22. The moon being on the equator and in Perigee; the magnitude of this eclipse is about 1.5 of the moon's diameter.

No. 2 is a partial eclipse of the sun April 7; the sun is 2 degrees north of the equator and in Apogee.

No. 3 is a partial eclipse of the sun August 31, the sun is on the equator and in Perigee.

No. 4 is a total eclipse of the moon, Sept. 14-15; the moon will be south of the equator and in Apogee.

No. 5 is a partial eclipse of the sun, Sept. 30; the sun will be 40 degrees north of the equator and in Perigee.

Four eclipses are also predicted for the year 1914, two of the sun and two of the moon.

### HAMLET LEFT OUT.

Mancie Press: Senator Albert J. Beveridge has written a long article for the Saturday Evening Post about the future of the "progressive" party, and does not mention the name of Colonel Roosevelt even once. The senator should be engaged to re-write the play of "Hamlet," with Hamlet left out.

Cyrus Green o Manilla will leave in the morning for Swannee, Tenn., where he will attend a military school.

# COUNTY PAYS STATE \$35,913

County Auditor Jesse Stone Completes December Settlement Sheet Showing all Revenues.

## NET COLLECTION \$203,770.86

Net Delinquencies at End of Year Amount to \$5,319.64—Gravel Road Tax, \$11,823.30.

County Auditor Jesse Stone, before retiring from office the first of January completed the December settlement showing collections of State and county revenue and other taxes for the year 1911, payable in 1912. The sheet makes the following showing of amounts in different funds:—

Rush county pays to the State of Indiana, which is taxes collected and other revenues, including delinquent tax of 1910 and previous years, the sum of \$35,931.85, which comes from the following sources:—

State tax, which is taken from the total cash collections, leaves net amount due from treasurer, \$9,436.26.

On account of benevolent institution fund \$4,926.44.

On account of the State debt sinking fund, \$1,478.07.

On account of the State school tax, \$14,051.28.

On account of the State educational institution fund, \$2,709.90.

On account of the State fund interest, \$3,090.20.

On account of the permanent endowment fund interest, \$159.70.

On account of docket fees from the clerk of the circuit court, \$62.00.

The settlement sheet shows the total cash collections from all sources in Rush county in 1912 for 1911 were \$203,770.86.

The net delinquencies in the county at the end of the year were \$5,319.64.

The net road tax collections for the year amounted to \$104.31.

Township poor tax collected amounted to \$1,754.95 net.

Library tax to the amount of \$999.66 net was paid in.

For free gravel roads a total of \$11,823.30 was paid in taxes during the year.

# WORTH MUCH TO TOWN MERCHANT

Continued from Page 1  
ounce to eleven pounds must be sent by parcel post.

Merchandise weighing from one to four ounces must be paid for at the rate of 1 cent an ounce, and it is sent to its destination, regardless of distance. More than four ounces comes under the pound rate, and must be paid for at pound rates.

Any article of clothing, jewelry, footwear, dressed poultry, eggs glassware and other fragile matter must be sent by parcel post, as long as it is merchandise.

Envelopes, music and writing paper come under the parcel post classification.

Books and all printed matter are in the third class, and will not be accepted for parcel post delivery.

Magazines, periodicals, newspapers and other publication, mailed by publishers on contracts with the government are in the second class, and not in the parcel post classification.

### 1913 SPORTING ANNUAL OUT.

T. S. Andrews Sporting Annual Record Book for 1913 is now out, containing records of noted fighters, trotters, pacing, running, bowling, athletic, base-ball, automobile, aeroplane, etc. The book contains many fine illustrations of the world's prominent fighters, and all the up-to-date records.

# FAST HORSEMEN ARE ACTIVE HERE

Winter Quarters Present Scenes Almost Equal to Those in Early Spring.

## WHAT TRAINERS ARE DOING

Harrie Jones, Clell Maple, Dagler Brothers, Mike Kelly and Others Busy.

Under the heading "Winter Quarters," the current number of the Western Horsemen discusses activities among local trainings interestingly.

Harrie Jones, has just received from Lexington, Ky., the green trotting mare, Miss Rea, by a son of Adbell, and the green pacing mare, Ethylon, by Dr. Munson, 2:08 1/4. Miss Rea is credited with a mile in 2:09 last season, was third in a race in 2:07 1/4, while the latter named mare never saw a track until October 10 and showed a mile in November in 2:16, with a quarter in 31 seconds. Both mares will be named down the Grand Circuit.

Frank Wilson, who formerly owned the grand little pacing mare, Aileen Wilson, 2:02 1/2, now has a green trotting mare called Aileen Patch by The Patchen Boy and out of the dam of Lady Posey, 2:15 1/2, with which he expects to do some good. She has never been set down for a good mile, but could trot eighths in 16 seconds very handily last fall.

Dagler Bros. added three new horses to their stable last week in the pacer Jay Patch, 2:07 1/4; John D., 2:08 1/4, and Dido, a green mare with a trial of 2:11 1/4. The trio is owned by a Philadelphia horseman and will be trained, and raced by the Daglers next season. John D. was one of the best pacers that showed on the half-mile tracks last year. In the stable at Everett Osborn, the bay gelding started fifteen times, was first nine times, second twice and four times unplaced, and during the season paced fifteen heats in 2:10 or better over half-mile tracks.

Clell Maple is looking forward to a busy season as he will have in the stud Dale Axworthy, A Game of Chance, (3) 2:14 1/4, and T. McGregor, 2:26 1/4. The yearlings by Dale Axworthy are being halter broken and are showing very fast for that way of going. Even those out of pacing mares are showing speed at both gaits. A Game of Chance is by The Patchen Boy, which put twelve new ones in the list in 1912, ten of them in the 2:20 list, four in the 2:15 list and one in the 2:10 list, while three previously in the list reduced their records.

T. Gregor is out of the famous blood mare, Clippetta, 2:15 1/4, by Elk Nutwood, which is the dam of four. T. Gregor has trailed in 2:15 and is being jogged every day by Maple. He is also jogging Lady Maud S., a green trotter that was separately timed last year as a three-year-old in 2:16 1/2, and expects that she will make good in the slow trots. He also has a three-year-old filly by Simmore, dam by Baron Posey, which, with ninety days' work, paced in 2:19, and is set down as a coming 2:10 performer.

Mike Kelly, has about twenty head of trotters and pacers at the fair grounds, eight of which he is getting in shape to take to the Lackey sale

in March. Mike has a lot of pretty likely material, the most promising of which is the white-faced gelding, Baldy Patch, by Beau Patchen 52440. The past season he was given a bit of training early, and before going to the pastures on June 20 trotted a mile in 2:28, a half in 1:10, and a quarter in 34 seconds.

Fostyn, the Walnut Hall stallion, which Mr. Kelly purchased at Walnut Hall Farm a couple of seasons back, has grown into a nice looking big four-year-old. Fostyn is a brother in blood to The Harvester, 2:01, being by Walnut Hall, 2:08 1/4, and out of Miss Fostyn by Moko, while his second dam is Em Simmons, a full sister to Christina Simmons, 2:11 1/2, by Simmons, 2:28.

Besides Fostyn Kelly has Beau Patch. He is a son of The Patchen Boy, (3) 2:10 3/4, and is out of Fanny (dam of Baron B., 2:10 1/4; Evelyn Patchen, 2:10 1/4, and two others with trials better than 2:15), by Beaumont, etc.

# INVESTIGATION MAY BE RESULT

Continued from Page 1  
say what course the commission will take.

Attorneys have appeared for almost all of the sixteen officials of the C. H. & D. railroad who are under indictment by the Marion county grand jury and have arranged for bond in each case. Bond of each of the sixteen officials is set at \$5,000, and the charge named in the indictment is involuntary manslaughter.

The order of the railroad commission, if it is determined that it affects the indictment against the officials has no effect on the indictment against Willis York, the engineer, and Carl Gross, the brakeman. The indictment against these men, charging involuntary manslaughter, is based on their failure to close the switch after they had put the freight train on the siding.

### ENTERTAINED.

Mr. and Mrs. Josuah Brown entertained at supper Thursday night in honor of Miss Nannie Emberry of Cincinnati. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Tom Overton and daughter Berthareese and Emis Abmas of Connersville. The supper was served in three courses.

### MARRIAGE LICENSE.

A marriage license was issued yesterday afternoon to Claude Masten and Maude Platt.

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we will make some remarkable prices on all goods in this department on the second floor. You who have been waiting for the midwinter reductions, will find this an opportune time to make your cash exercise its greatest purchasing power. The high grade Woolltex line will go in this sale—coats and suits that are made in the most staple styles and man tailored throughout with guarantee of two season's satisfactory wear.

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